Better Water LLC







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Better Water LLC; 698 Swan Dr; Smyrna, TN 37167; www.betterwater.com

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Visit our website to see our complete product line of water purification products!

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Our Company

Better Water LLC is a leading integrated manufacturer of water treatment equipment and components for the industrial, commercial and institutional markets.



Located in Smyrna, Tennessee, Better Water LLC continues its history of manufacturing and distribution of equipment specifically designed for the renal dialysis market.

Founded in 1971, Better Water LLC has built a reputation for solving our customers' toughest problems with high quality products and unmatched service.

Contact Us

Better Water LLC 698 Swan Dr Smyrna, TN 37167

Phone (615) 355-6063 Fax (615) 355-6065

Technical Support:

Phone (615) 355-6063, press "1" Email support@betterwater.com

Customer Service:

Phone (615) 355-6063, press "3"
Email customerservice@betterwater.com

Technical Phone Support

Support is available regarding all Better Water LLC systems, 24 hours a day,7 days a week.

 Normal business hours are Monday through Friday from 8:00 am until 3:30 pm, Central Standard Time (excluding holidays)

Call (615) 355-6063, press "1" for Technical Support

Emergency assistance is available after normal business hours (including holidays) by calling (615) 708-8627.

BEFORE calling for emergency assistance:

- Check the Troubleshooting guide in this manual
- Check the electrical-power connections, fuses/circuit breakers (if applicable)
- Check all valves to ensure each is in the correct position (if applicable)

Technical Support Info Online

Our website, **www.betterwater.com**, which is updated frequently, contains a wealth of technical support information on the **SUPPORT** tab and includes:

- Operator and Service Manuals
- Interactive Frequently Asked Questions for Troubleshooting
- Consumables and Accessories Lists
- Technical Service Bulletins

For your convenience there are also online forms for placing **Orders** and requesting **Returned Goods Authorization**. These are Adobe forms that can be downloaded and either faxed or emailed to us.

3046 RO			Operator Manual		
Specific	Technical Support	Phone Email	(615) 355-6063, option "1" support@betterwater.com		
Contacts	To Place an Order (purchase orders)	Fax Email Phone	(615) 355-6065 orders@betterwater.com (615) 355-6063		
	Customer Service (returns)	Phone Fax Email	(615) 355-6063, option "2" (615) 355-6065 customerservice@betterwater.com		
	- Operator & S - Technical Se - Consumables - Brochures - Order Form	d forms thervice M rvice Bul s and Re			
Introduction	With proper care, preven	entative ı	is manufactured to the utmost quality. maintenance, and proper use, it should e means of treating water for dialysis		
	Before starting you should first read and have a thorough understanding of this entire Operator Manual. It describes in detail the steps and procedures for safe usage of the 3046 RO .				
	Medical Director to ensuch a manner so as to other related information - Food and Drug Admir - National Association	the this device has been delivered, it is the responsibility of the dical Director to ensure that it is used, monitored, and maintained in a manner so as to satisfy all applicable standards. Guidelines and er related information are available from: and Drug Administration (FDA) ational Association of Nephrology Technicians/Technologists (NANT) association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI)			
	monitor the changing to temperature, pH, press the <u>quality</u> and <u>quantity</u> your specifications and are constantly changin	ap water sure and of the Fare and requirer and termined the second the second the second the second the second the second termine and the second termine second the	e. It is important to understand and conditions, which include contaminants, flow-rates, which have a direct impact on to so output. This RO was designed to ments. Since municipal water conditions wo-way communications with your d with routine testing of the tap water is peration of this device.		
		d compor	this manual: nents may vary slightly due to product be for general reference only.		
			e, functionality, or replacement will not		

WARNINGS



1. It is unsafe to operate or service this device without first reading and understanding the **entire** Operator and Service Manuals. Keep this manual and other associated documentation for future reference.

- **2.** Misuse, improper operation, and/or improper monitoring of this system could result in serious injury, death, or other serious reactions to patients undergoing hemodialysis treatment.
- **3.** Misuse, improper use or handling of disinfectants and chemical cleaning solutions could result in serious injury or even death. You must comply with the information contained in the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for the chemical being used.
- **4.** To avoid electrical shock hazard, do not operate this device when the covers or panels are removed.



ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE: This device can create and radiate radio frequency energy and may cause harmful interference if not installed according to the manufacturer's instructions.

CAUTIONS



- 1. When used as a medical device, federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the authority of a physician. Per CFR 801.109 (b)(1).
- **2.** Improper operation of this device could result in a low or no-flow alarm on the dialysis machines.
- 3. Misuse or improper operation of this device will void any warranty.
- 4. Where water is mentioned, unless otherwise noted, it must be AAMI standard quality water.
- **5.** Electrical and plumbing connections must adhere to local statutes and any facility codes. Connect this device to a proper ground connection in accordance with the National Electrical Code. Do not remove the ground wire or ground plug. Do not use an extension cord with this device.
- 6. Do not remove any Caution, Warning or any other descriptive labels from the device.
- **7.** Do not operate this device in an explosive environment or in the presence of flammable materials. Do not use this device to store, mix or transfer flammable liquids.
- 8. Movement or vibrations during shipment may cause connections to loosen.
- **9.** Do not operate this unit in an environment where temperatures may be below 50° F or above 90° F.
- **10.** This device should not be used for purposes outside the device's stated applications, specifications or limitations.

QUICK REFERENCES

- Specifications, Features, and Requirements
- Maintenance Schedule
- Related Consumable and Replacement Parts

SPECIFICATIONS					
Operating Weight	450-600 lbs.				
Dimensions	Height 77" x Length 46" x Width 50"				
Electrical	24 vac Control Voltage 208V Models: 3 phase, 30 amp, 60 Hz (3 hots, 1 neutral, 1 ground) 230V Models: 1 phase, 50 amp, 60 Hz (2 hots, 1 neutral, 1 ground) 460V Models: 3 phase, 15 amp, 60 Hz (3 hots, 1 neutral, 1 ground)				
	FEATURES				
Sample Port	Product sample port, sanitary, stainless-steel, post .03 filter				
Standard Alarms	Poor Water Quality Alarm High Feed Temperature Alarm Low Pressure Alarm High Pump Pressure Alarm High Membrane Pressure Alarm High Product Pressure Alarm				
Optional External	Remote Alarm Box, Disinfect Tank				
Accessories	REQUIREMENTS				
FloorCross	Level floor with sufficient space around the device for				
Floor Space	installation, operation, and service.				
Electrical	Power outlet near the center of the device per specifications above.				
Inlet Water Connection	Pre-treated water. Connection: 1", Parker connection				
Product Water Connection	Connection: 1", male, threaded				
Drain	Sanitary drain capable of discharging 20 gallons per minute. Must be an open drain (air-gapped) Primary Drain Connection: 1", female, threaded Sample Port Drain Connection: 1", male, threaded				
Loop	The distribution loop should be constructed of materials that comply with current AAMI standards. It is critical for direct-feed systems, that the distribution loop be properly sized, so assistance should be sought from Better Water or an authorized dealer when determining its size and length. Installation should also comply with current AAMI standards.				
Pressure	Feed water pressure should be a minimum of 20 psi, a maximum of 90 psi, with the optimum pressure at 40 psi. The minimum pressure must be maintained with the water flowing at the maximum required flow-rate.				
Flow Rate	The minimum flow-rate in gallons per minute is based on the incoming pre-treatment equipment.				
Chlorine / Chloramines	Chlorine is commonly used as a disinfecting agent in municipal water systems. Disinfection by-products can form when disinfectants, such as chlorine, react with naturally present compounds in the water. Chlorine/Chloramines in the feed water must be less than 0.1 ppm.				
Silt Density Index (SDI)	Silt Density Index (SDI) is a measure of the amount of suspended solids and colloidal materials in the feed water. High SDI values can lead to membrane fouling. A SDI of less				

3046 RO	Operator Manual
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	than 3 SDI units is considered acceptable.
Turbidity	Turbidity in water is caused by suspended and colloidal matter such as clay, silt, finely divided organic matter, inorganic matter, plankton, and other microscopic organisms. Feed water turbidity must be less than 1 nephelometric turbidity units.
Hardness	Hardness is characteristic of feed water due to the presence of dissolved calcium and magnesium. Water hardness is responsible for most scale formation and can form insoluble residue in pipes and other water contact surfaces. Hardness is usually expressed in grains per gallon, or parts per million, all as calcium carbonate equivalent. Hardness level in the feed water must be less than 3 grains per gallon, or 51.3 parts per million.
Temperature	Feed water temperature must be between 50° F and 92° F. The optimum temperature is 77° F. The maximum temperature is factory set at 92°F, so the RO will shut-down at 93°F. This setting can be adjusted if necessary.

The importance of monitoring and controlling the feed water cannot be underestimated

MEMBRANE ARRAY FLOW RATE SPECIFICATIONS

The flow rates for the arrays listed below are rated at $77^{\circ}F$ feed water, \pm 20% and at 50% recovery.

* NOTE: The 3046 RO has no re-circulate adjustment and was set at the factory. No user adjustment is required.

3046 RO Series	Product Flow	Reject Flow	Re-Circulate Flow
8 Membrane Array	10.00 GPM	10.00 GPM	5.0 GPM *
9 Membrane Array	11.25 GPM	11.25 GPM	4.0 GPM *
10 Membrane Array	12.50 GPM	12.50 GPM	1.5 GPM *
11 Membrane Array	13.75 GPM	13.75 GPM	1.5 GPM *
12 Membrane Array	15.00 GPM	15.00 GPM	1.5 GPM *

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE							
MAINTENANCE TASKS	Each Shift	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	3 Months	6 Months	Other
Check the system for leaks	Х	Х					Visual inspection
Monitor the system for unusual sounds	X	Х					Auditory inspection
Clean external surfaces; - Use a soft damp cloth. Do not use bleach.			x				Use a soft, damp towel or sponge. DO NOT USE BLEACH.
Perform a low pH cleaning and disinfection - See "General Cleaning and Disinfecting Information" section				х			
Perform a low pH cleaning, high pH cleaning, and disinfection - See "General Cleaning and Disinfecting Information" section					x		
Verify Water Quality Monitor Board, calibrating if necessary - See "System Maintenance" section				X			
Verify Flush Timer day and time setting - See "System Maintenance" section				X	X		
Change 5 micron Pre-Filter - See "System Maintenance" section				x			Change every 30 days or when the △P reaches or exceeds 15 psi.
Change .03 micron Final Filter - See "System Maintenance" section						X	Change every 6 months or when the △P reaches or exceeds 15 psi.
Change Membranes - See "System Maintenance" section							Every 3-5 years, or when low flow rates are experienced, or percent rejection drops below operational parameters.
Perform chemical, microbial, and endotoxin testing on feed and product water as per AAMI requirements. Submit to a qualified testing laboratory.							Annually, or more often as needed.

NOTE

The maintenance schedule is merely a recommendation by Better Water, but it is up to the discretion of the Medical Director of the facility as to when they are performed, which may be more often or less often at their discretion as circumstances and company policy dictate.

RELATED CONSUMABLE and REPLACEMENT PARTS						
DESCRIPTION	PART#	PICTURE				
REPLACEMENT PARTS						
4" x 40" Membrane only for current Fiberglass Housings - Inner O-Ring EQFHO000911 - Outer O-Ring EQFHO001587	SUMEM008					
4" x 40" Membrane with Adapters for Stainless Steel Housings (manufactured prior to September 2006) - Inner O-Ring EQFHO001588 - Outer O-Ring EQFHO001587	EQSUBMEM001					
4" x 40" Membrane with Adapters for Codeline Housings (manufactured prior to September 2006) - Inner O-Ring EQFHOO01891 - Outer O-Ring EQFHOO01587	EQSUBMEM002					
20", 5 micron, Pre-Filter - Housing O-Ring SUMIOO00587	SUCAOO00553					
30", .03 micron, Final-Filter - Housing O-Ring SUMIOO00589 - 20" Standard False Cartridge SUFFOO00579	SUCAO001941					
BWI-1000, Acid Cleaner, low pH cleaner	SUMCOO00572	Reter Water, Det				
BWI-2000, Alkaline Cleaner, high pH cleaner	SUMCO000571	Sector Water Int				
MinnCare Cold Sterilant, Disinfectant	SUMCO000575	MATERIAL CASE OF THE PARTY OF T				
Pictures do not reflect the size of the item in relation to the other pictures						

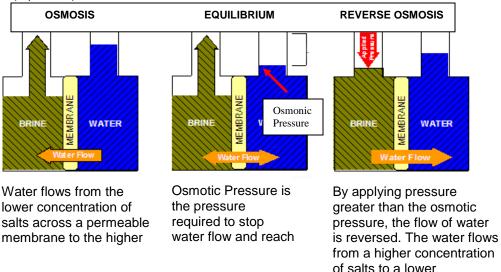
RELATED CONSUMABLE and REPLACEMENT PARTS					
DESCRIPTION	PART#	PICTURE			
MinnCare 1% Test Strips	SUMCO000577	COO MANAGEMENT OF THE PARTY OF			
MinnCare Residual Test Strips	SUMCO000576	D and in			
BWI-3000, MemStore, Preservative	SUMCO000574	Refer Value to			
Transducer; 0-300 psi, 4-20 mA, Transmitter - For Membrane Pressure at VFD	PLGAO000105	The state of the s			
Clean/Disinfect Tank - Includes hoses and connections	EQASSYDISTANK				
RO Pump, Air-Cooled	EQPUEB01591				
Remote Alarm Box	EQASSYNSMB01601	State of the second			
24V Digital Flush Timer * Note older model 2020 ROs used an analog flush timer and that part number is ELPWSW00989	ELPWSW00991	Timarco			
Pictures do not reflect the size of the item in relation to the other pictures					

RELATED CONSUMABLE and REPLACEMENT PARTS						
DESCRIPTION PART# PICTURE						
VFD Cooling Fan	ELFNOO0001	The Company of the Co				
Variable Frequency Drive (VFD)	EQMOBO01353 (three phase)	© 000				
	EQMOBO01357 (single phase)					
RO Monitor PCB	EQMOBO01351					
RO Display Board	EQMOBO01352					
Conductivity Probe	EQSUBCP01545					
Pictures do not reflect the size of the item in relation to the other pictures						

DEVICE INFORMATION

REVERSE OSMOSIS PROCESS

The Reverse Osmosis (RO) Machine is a multiple-membrane, device that is pressurized by a stainless steel pump and motor. The Reverse Osmosis process uses a semi-permeable membrane to separate and remove dissolved solids, organics, Pyrogen, submicron colloidal matter from the water. The process is called "reverse" osmosis since it requires pressure to force pure water across a membrane, leaving the impurities behind. Reverse Osmosis is capable of removing 95%-99% of the total dissolved solids (TDS) thus providing safe, pure water. Based upon your facility's specifications and information about tap water data, the RO was designed and built to exacting standards and Good Manufacturing Practices as outlined by the FDA. The RO is a device that uses a membrane separation process for removing solvent (contaminants) from solution (tap water).



The RO is the most important and costly component in the water treatment system. With appropriate pretreatment of the tap water, proper cleaning and disinfection, the RO membrane life can be prolonged for several years.

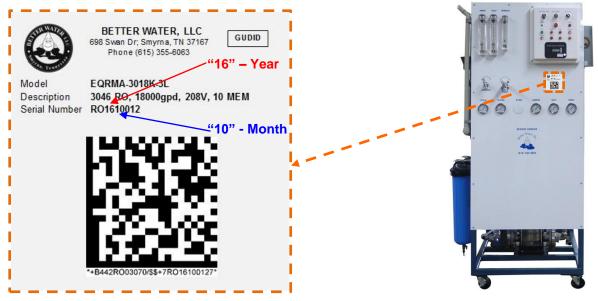
MODELS

There are several models of the 3046 RO, based on the number of membranes and electrical requirements. The operation, service, and replacement parts of these units are basically the same.

Part#	Membranes	Gallons per	Gallons per	Electrical
		Day	Minute	Requirements
EQRMA-3014K-3L	8	14400 gpd	10.00 gpm	208V, Three Phase
EQRMA-3014K-1H	8	14400 gpd	10.00 gpm	230V, Single Phase
EQRMA-3016K-3L	9	16200 gpd	11.25 gpm	208V, Three Phase
EQRMA-3016K-1H	9	16200 gpd	11.25 gpm	230V, Single Phase
EQRMA-3018K-3L	10	18000 gpd	12.50 gpm	208V, Three Phase
EQRMA-3018K-1H	10	18000 gpd	12.50 gpm	230V, Single Phase
EQRMA-3020K-3L	11	19800 gpd	13.75 gpm	208V, Three Phase
EQRMA-3020K-1H	11	19800 gpd	13.75 gpm	230V, Single Phase
EQRMA-3020K-3H	11	19800 gpd	13.75 gpm	460V, Three Phase
EQRMA-3022K-3L	12	21600 gpd	15.00 gpm	208V, Three Phase

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR SUPPORT

Adhered to the front of each 3046 RO is a label containing important information relating to the specific unit, and details both the **Model** and **Serial Number**. Both of these pieces of information are very important in obtaining support, determining warranty, and properly servicing the unit. Please have this information available if you contact Technical Support.



The first four numbers in the serial number denote the year and month the device was manufactured. *In the example above the RO was produced in 2016, in the month of October.*

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The **3046 RO** has been designed and built to meet the specific needs for your water system in a minimal amount of floor space, adding a neat and clean look to your water room. Based on the number of membranes it is designed to produce RO water at 10 to 15 gallons per minute for hemodialysis. It can be used for both Tank-Feed and Direct-Feed applications.

The **Frame** is constructed of welded stainless-steel with a durable powder-coat paint finish to reduce rust and corrosion.

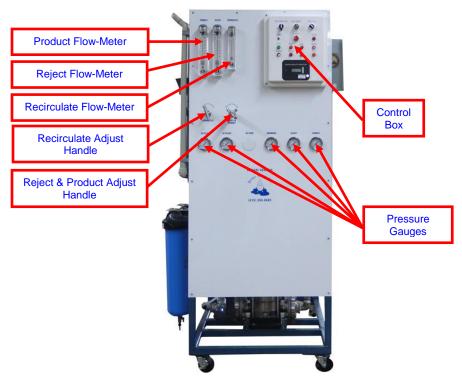
The RO has a **Pump** that is used to raise the osmotic pressure across the thin film composite **4**" **x 40" Membranes** to produce safe, pure water. This pump is controlled by a **Variable Frequency Drive (VFD)** to increase pump efficiency. For additional filtration, this unit has a **Pre-Filter** (5 micron, 20") as well as a **Final Filter** (.03 micron 20").

The **Control Box** contains the electronic components for operational control, monitoring, and alarms. The following are additional features incorporated into the RO's Control Box:

- A **Digital Flush Timer** to control the frequency and duration of a flush cycle.
- A **Water Quality Monitor** to display % rejection, feed TDS, and product TDS, and alarm in a poor water quality condition.
- **Timed Operate** feature to allow the RO to run for thirty minutes prior to the operator performing daily checks.
- Interfaces with the **Interlock Wiring System** to shut the RO off when any of the pre-treatment components go into regenerate or backwash mode, and provide a visual indicator.
- Interfaces with the **Level Control System** to turn the RO off and on based on water levels in the Storage Tank.

Mounted on the **Front Panel** of the RO, are **Flow-Meters** and **Pressure Gauges** for monitoring, as well as **Adjustment Handles** to achieve optimum performance.

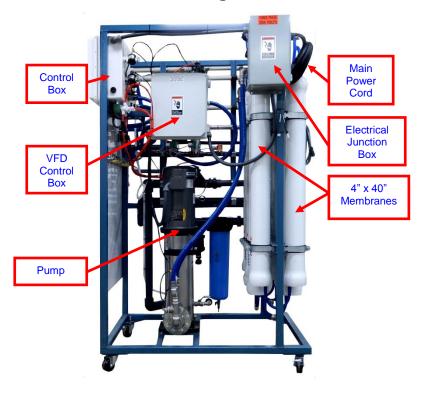
DETAILED VIEW OF 3046 RO, Front Side



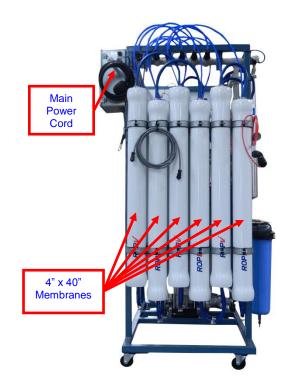
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DETAILED VIEW OF 3046 RO, Right Side

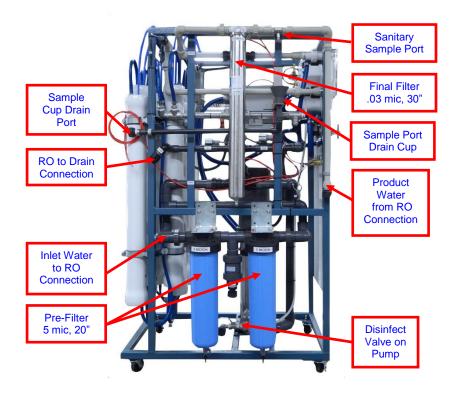


DETAILED VIEW OF 3046 RO, Back Side



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DETAILED VIEW OF 3046 RO, Left Side



DETAILED VIEW OF CONTROL BOX

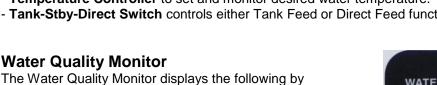


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SYSTEM COMPONENTS: Control Box

The 3046 RO is a semi-automated system comprised of several components that provide monitoring and control capabilities. The Control Box is the heart of the RO and houses the following:

- Various **Switches** and **Buttons** for control.
- Various Alarm Lights and an Audible Alarm to alert the operator to alarm conditions. These will continue until the alarm conditions are cleared or the alarms are reset by pressing the ALARM RESET button. The system also has a remote alarm which is usually installed near an operator or nurses' station.
- 24 VAC Power Supply which provides power to the analog/ integrated circuit board and solenoid valves.
- Water Quality Monitor which displays water quality in parts-per-million (ppm) or micro-Siemens (µS/cm).
- Digital Flush Timer to control the frequency of the flush cycle.
- **Temperature Controller** to set and monitor desired water temperature.
- Tank-Stby-Direct Switch controls either Tank Feed or Direct Feed functionality.



pressing the Mode Switch: % Rejection, Feed TDS, Product TDS, and Set-Point. These numbers can be displayed in either parts-per-million (ppm) or micro-siemens (µm), depending on dip-switch settings. Parts-per-millions is the default set at the factory.

This monitor is comprised of two parts; the monitor board which is inside the control box and the display board which is in the control box cover. The monitor board has buttons for calibrating and dip-switches for board options.

When the RO first starts it will go into a poor water quality condition, at which time the product water will be diverted to drain, and the Poor Water Quality Alarm light will illuminate. Normally it will come up to good water quality within the first minute or so, at which time the alarm light will go out. If it remains in poor water quality longer than three minutes, an audible alarm will sound, and the divert to drain will continue.

Once the RO has come up to good water quality and has been running for some time, and a poor water condition is detected, the alarm will instantly sound, the alarm light illuminate, and the product water will be diverted to drain until a good water quality is obtained.

See the section on System Maintenance for details on how to reset and calibrate the WQM monitor board.





part# **EQMOBO01352** WQM, RO Display



part# **EQMOBO01351** WQM, RO Monitor Board

Digital Flush Timer

The Digital Flush Timer is an important component of the Reverse Osmosis Machine, located inside the control box. The flush timer is a 24-hour adjustable 24 volt digital mechanism that controls the frequency and duration of the Flush Cycle.

The Flush timer serves two purposes: It is used to set the time of day, and the frequency and duration of the Flush Cycle(s).

The digital flush timer is equipped with a battery back-up, so loss of power to the RO will not affect the timer operation. However, the actual life of the battery is not known so the timer should be checked monthly for correct time of day setting.

The Flush Timer was preset by the system installers on the day of the installation. Once the Frequency and the Length of the Flush Cycle have been set, that setting will remain until manually changed.



part# **ELPWSW00991**Digital Flush Timer, 24V

See the section on System Maintenance for details on battery replacement and adjustments.

Temperature Controller

The Temperature Controller inside the control box monitors the pretreated feed water temperature at the RO. A high-temperature set-point is set via this controller and in the event the water temperature reaches this set-point a high-temperature alarm light will illuminate, an audible alarm sound, and the RO will shut-off.

* See Technical Service Bulletin TSB2014001 in Appendix B if replacing.



part#
EQKIT-EL001
Temperature Controller
and Bracket

Tank-Stby-Direct Switch

The Tank-Stby-Direct switch is a three position toggle switch which determines if the RO will run in conjunction with the signals from the floats in a reservoir or will run continuously.

Switch Setting:

DIRECT RO will run continuously, and bypass the float

switches in the reservoir. For direct feed ROs

only.

STBY RO will not run

TANK RO will recognize float signals from the reservoir.

There is a fuse above the switch, for the 24 vac power to the main control board and water quality monitor.

NOTE: On devices manufactured prior to August 2007, and from August 2010 to present this switch is located inside the control box. On devices manufactured from August 2007 through July 2010, this switch is on the outside of the control box.



part#
ELPWSW01109
On-Off-On, 3 pos. Switch
ELLFFS00836
4 amp Slow Blow Fuse

Components That Work In Conjunction With the Control Box

Located on the back of the control box are three switches, each with their own unique purpose:

A **Low Pressure Switch** monitors the suction side of the pump during operation and flush modes, but not in the disinfect cycle. In the event there is insufficient pressure to the RO, the RO will alarm and shutdown.

Part# **ELPWSW00985**.

A **High Membrane Pressure Switch** monitors the RO's membrane pressure. If a high membrane pressure condition occurs, the RO will alarm and shut down.

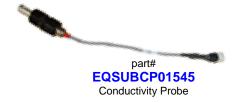
Part# ELPWSW00986

A **High Product Pressure Switch** monitors the product pressure from the RO. If a high product pressure condition occurs, the RO will alarm and shut down.

Part# **ELPWSW00987**



There are also two **Conductivity Probes (Feed & Product)**, which work in concert to measure TDS as a function of conductivity. These work in conjunction with the water quality monitor to display feed and product TDS and to determine poor water quality.



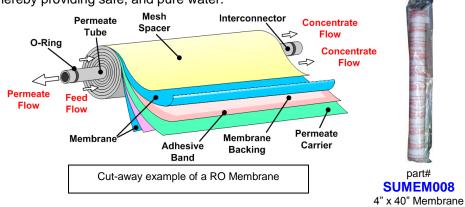
The RO uses a **Pressure Transmitter** to measure water pressure at the RO pump to maintain the variable frequency drive's (VFD) set-point. The VFD set-point regulates the required flow-rate of the membrane array on the RO. The pressure sensor uses a piezo-resistive or metallic thin film to convert input mechanical pressure into an output electrical signal. If the transmitter fails the RO pump will operate continuously at maximum pressure.



part#
PLGAOO00105
0-300 psi, 4-20 ma
Pressure Transmitter

SYSTEM COMPONENTS: Membranes

The **Membranes** are at the heart of the reverse osmosis process, and the number in use will vary based on the 3046 RO model. These membranes are semi-permeable, allowing water that is being purified to pass through it, while rejecting the contaminants that remain. The reverse osmosis process uses these membranes to separate and remove dissolved solids, organics, pyrogens, and submicron colloidial matter from the water. The process is called "reverse" osmosis since it requires pressure to force water across the membranes, leaving the impurities behind. Reverse osmosis is capable of removing up to 95%-99% of the total dissolved solids (TDS), thereby providing safe, and pure water.



RO SINGLE MEMBRANE SPECIFICATION (equivalent or better)							
Membrane Type	4" x 40" Polyamide						
Configuration	Spiral wound full fit						
Active Membrane Area	85 - 90 sq. ft.						
Recommended Applied Pressure	75 - 250 psi						
Max. Applied Pressure	400 psi						
Max. Operating Temperature	122° F						
Feed Water PH Operating Range	4.0 - 11.0						
Optimum PH Range for Optimum % Rejection	5.0 - 8.5						
Chlorine Tolerance	< .1 ppm						
Max. Feed Flow GPM	20						
Minimum Brine Flow / Permeate Flow Ratio	5:1						
Max. SDI (15 minutes)	3						
Max. Turbidity NTU	< 1						
Permeate Flow GPD	2487.5 (+/- 25%)						
Minimum Rejection Rate	98% based on test conditions *						
* Test conditions = 2000 ppm NaCl @ 225 psi, 77° F, 15% recovery, pH 8.0							

Nominal Rejection Characteristics of Reverse Osmosis Membranes

lon	% Rejection*	lon	% Rejection*	lon	% Rejection*
	_		-		_
Sodium	90-95	Lead	94-96	Cadmium	95-97
Calcium	92-95	Chloride	90-95	Silver	90-95
Magnesium	94-97	Bicarbonate	85-95	Mercury	94-96
Potassium	85-95	Nitrate	50-70	Barium	94-96
Iron	92-96	Fluoride	85-90	Chromium	94-96
Manganese	92-96	Silicate	80-90	Bromide	85-90

Aluminum	95-98	Phosphate	95-97	Borate	25-50
Ammonium	85-90	Chromate	80-90	Sulfate	96-98
Copper	96-98	Cyanide	80-90	Arsenic	90-95
Nickel	96-98	Sulfite	94-96	Selenium	90-95
Zinc	96-98	Thiosulfate	94-97	Ferrocyanide	96-98
Strontium	95-97				

^{*} The above percent rejection is for reference only. Actual rejection will depend on the exact chemistry, temperature, pressure, and TDS content of the feed water.

SYSTEM COMPONENTS: Pre-Filter; Particulate Filtration Cartridge (20", 5 micron filter), Dual Housings

DESCRIPTION:

A basic particulate filtration consisting of a 20" housing fitted with a cartridge type filter element. These are specified to trap particulate matter of 5 microns or larger at a specified flow rate. There is a post-filter gauge to measure pressure drop that indicates filter clogging. The filter housing is threaded for easy cleaning and filter element exchanges.

MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:

Daily: Check pre and post-filter pressure, and ΔP (*pressure drop*) across it while the RO is running.

MAINTENANCE:

- Replace filters every 30 days or as required if there is a ΔP (*pressure drop*) across the filter of greater than 15 psi while the RO is running; whichever comes first.



- When changing the filter, the inside of the filter housing should be wiped down with a clean cloth using either water or a mild (1%) bleach solution.
- * See System Maintenance section

^{*} Source: Applied Membranes, Inc.

SYSTEM COMPONENTS: Final-Filter; Particulate Filtration Cartridge (30", .03 micron filter)

DESCRIPTION:

The .03 final filter is located on the upper-left side of the RO on the Product Line and is followed by a Sanitary Sampling Port. This filter uses a standard, 20" filter Housing.

MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:

Daily: Check pre and post-filter pressure, and ΔP (pressure drop) across it while the RO is running. The product pressure gauge displays pressure before this filter. On a Tank-Feed system the product hose from the RO is connected to the reservoir and usually there is no pressure gauge on the outlet side of this filter. On a Direct-Feed system there is usually a pressure gauge installed on the outlet side of this filter.

- NOTE: If high organics are present in the feed water, an alternative 20".05 micron filter is available. Part number SUCAPE00569.



Final Filter, .03 micron, 30"

MAINTENANCE:

- Replace filters every 6 months or as required if there is a ΔP (pressure drop) across the filter of greater than 15 psi while the RO is running; whichever comes first.
- When changing the filter, the inside of the filter housing should be wiped down with a clean cloth using either water or a mild (1%) bleach solution.
- * See System Maintenance section

SYSTEM COMPONENTS: Pump & VFD

The RO uses a stainless-steel, multi-stage, centrifugal, Air-Cooled Pump which will automatically shut-off in a no water condition. This is a heavy-duty pump designed for years of service with proper operation. It is a vertical pump, mounted in the center of the RO rack.

The pump works in conjunction with the Variable Frequency Drive (VFD). VFDs are reliable, easy to operate, increase the degree of flow control, and reduce pump noise. It is an electronic controller that adjusts the speed of the RO pump by modulating the power being delivered to it. This provides continuous control matching motor speed specific to the demand required by the pump.



EQPUEB01591 Air-Cooled Pump

MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:

RO pressures should be monitored to ensure optimum performance.

MAINTENANCE:

Other than routine cleaning and priming the pump if the system pressure is released, there are no specific maintenance procedures for the pump or VFD.

REMOTE ALARM BOX (optional)

The RO Remote Alarm Box is a molded plastic box, usually located on the patient floor, in a position where it can be easily seen by clinic personnel during normal work duties. The box is equipped with audible and visual alarms that monitor the RO and Reservoir water level.

The Remote Alarm Monitoring Box requires no external power supply, but receives 24vac power and signals from the RO which it is monitoring. This box has 2 RED lights; one that will illuminate when the RO goes into an alarm condition and one when the water level in the reservoir falls below the low-level sensor. The AMBER light will illuminate and flash when the RO is in Disinfect Mode.

AAMI standards require that the RO alarms be audible in the patient area. If the RO is located close enough to be heard in the patient area, the remote alarm may be omitted.



part#
EQASSYNSMB01601
RO Remote Alarm Box

SYSTEM COMPONENTS: Clean/Disinfect Tank

The Clean/Disinfect Tank is made of a non-corrosive, molded plastic with a lid, and is used for manual cleaning and disinfecting. The tank is equipped with 2 ports on the top (*side*) and a single port on the bottom (*side*), and all the necessary hoses, valves and fittings (some assembly required).



part#
EQASSYDISTANK
Clean/Disinfect Tank

OPERATION

Before you start using this device, operators must read and understand this manual in its entirety. This manual of Operator's Instructions describes in considerable detail all of the steps and procedures required to **safely** operate this device. With proper operation, maintenance, and care, this device should give you years of reliable service.

It is **unsafe** to operate this device without a basic understanding of water treatment and a thorough understanding of the contents of this manual. Inadequately treated water for hemodialysis poses a severe threat to the health and safety of hemodialysis patients. Education and training of the staff in these facilities is critical given the technically complex subject of water treatment. Guidelines and other related information are available from:

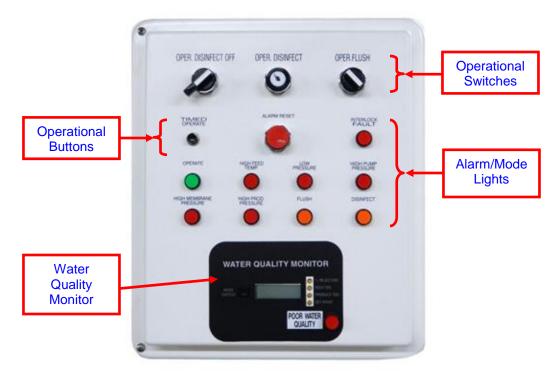
- Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
- National Association of Nephrology Technicians/Technologists (NANT)
- Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI)

The RO was designed and built to your facility's specifications and information regarding the current tap water conditions at your site. There is not a Reverse Osmosis Machine on the market that is a panacea for all water treatment requirements. The RO cannot do the job alone. It is imperative to monitor the tap water and feed water conditions.

Incoming tap water contaminants, temperature, pH, pressure and flow-rates have a direct impact on the quality and quantity of the RO output. The operator must be aware of changing tap water conditions. This can be easily accomplished with good, two-way communications with the local municipal water supplier and with routine testing of the tap water.

FAMILIARIZATION with the CONTROL BOX and RO FRONT PANEL

Following is a description of each of the switches, buttons, and alarm/mode lights on the control box.



OPERATIONAL SWITCHES

OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch: 3-position operational switch

OFF - Turns the RO OFF.

OPER – RO is in normal operation mode.

DISINFECT – Places the RO in disinfect mode. The OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch must also be in the DISINFECT position to initiate this cycle.

OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch: 2-position keyed switch which is an additional safety feature, preventing unauthorized activation of the disinfect cycle since a key must be inserted to turn this switch.

OPER – RO is in normal operation mode

DISINFECT – Places the RO in disinfect mode. The OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch must also be in the DISINFECT position to initiate this cycle.

OPER-FLUSH Switch: 2-position operational switch

OPER – Places the RO in normal operation mode.

FLUSH – Places the RO in flush mode as programmed by the digital flush timer. Flush mode will turn the RO on to flush for a preset number of minutes every so many preset hours to prevent stagnation. The default set at the factory is to flush for 15 minutes every 4 hours.

OPERATIONAL BUTTONS

TIMED OPERATE Button: This button, when pressed allows the RO to run for 30 minutes prior

to the operator performing their daily checks (*such as chlorine, hardness,etc.*). The Timed Operate Mode runs for 30 minutes, which cannot be altered or changed, and will turn off automatically.

- NOTE: The **TANK-STBY-DIRECT switch** must be in the TANK position before starting the Timed Operate. It can be activated when in the STBY position but is not recommended. The Timed Operate will not operate in DIRECT mode.
- NOTE: During this timed operate cycle, the storage tank sensors are inactive. When the Timed Operate cycle is completed, the storage tank sensors are reactivated for normal operation. NOTE: This feature was not available on models manufactured prior to 2010.

ALARM RESET Button: Once an alarm condition occurs and has been corrected, pressing this button silences any audible alarms, and turns off any alarm lights that are illuminated. If the alarm condition still exists when this button is pressed the alarms will continue. This does not correct the condition which caused the alarm.

ALARM/MODE LIGHTS

INTERLOCK FAULT Light: This light will illuminate and alert the operator that the pretreatment interlock system has been interrupted. This is normal during the backwash and/or regeneration of any pre-treatment media tanks. This light will also illuminate when other fault conditions occur, such as interlock wires being disconnected, and any interlock relay failures of Main Control Board. The RO will not run when this light is illuminated. If the RO is running and the interlock initiates, the RO will shutdown. If this light is illuminated and no media tank is in backwash or regeneration mode, call for assistance.

- NOTE: This feature was not available on models manufactured prior to 2010.

OPERATE Light: This light illuminates when the RO is in normal operation or flush mode, but will not be lit during the disinfect cycle.

HIGH FEED TEMP Alarm Light: Alerts that the RO is experiencing high feed water temperature, which would be greater than the set-point set on the temperature controller.

LOW PRESSURE Alarm Light: Alerts that the RO is experiencing low pressure.

HIGH PUMP PRESSURE Alarm Light: Alerts that the RO is experiencing high pump pressure.

HIGH MEMBRANE PRESSURE Alarm Light: Alerts that the RO is experiencing high membrane pressure.

HIGH PROD PRESSURE Alarm Light: Alerts that the RO is experiencing high product pressure.

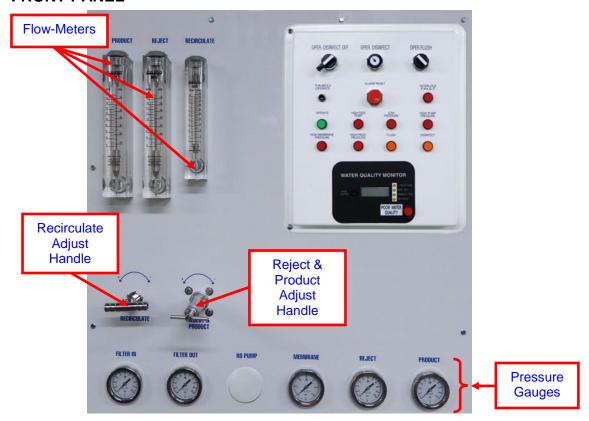
FLUSH Mode Light: Signals that the RO is in actually running the flush cycle. Although the OPER-FLUSH Switch may be in the FLUSH position, this light will only illuminate when the flush cycle is running.

DISINFECT Mode Light: Signals that the RO is in disinfect mode.

WATER QUALITY MONITOR

The Water Quality Monitor displays the following by pressing the Mode Switch: *% Rejection, Feed TDS, Product TDS, and Set-Point.* These numbers can be displayed in either parts-per-million (ppm) or micro-siemens (µm), depending on dip-switch settings. Parts-per-millions is the default set at the factory. It also has a Poor Water Quality alarm light.

FRONT PANEL



PRODUCT Flow-Meter:

This flow-meter provides a visual measurement in gallons per minute of the amount of product water flow. See *Membrane Array Flow Rate Specifictions section* for designed flow rates.

REJECT Flow-Meter:

This flow-meter provides a visual measurement in gallons per minute of the amount of reject water flow. See *Membrane Array Flow Rate Specifictions section* for designed flow rates.

RECIRCULATE Flow-Meter:

This flow-meter provides a visual measurement in gallons per minute of the amount of reject water flow. See *Membrane Array Flow Rate Specifictions section* for designed flow rates.

RECIRCULATE ADJUST Handle:

This handle is used to adjust the gallons per minute (gpm) back to the pump, increasing and decreasing proportionately. See *User Adjustments: Recirculate Flow section* for more information.

REJECT & PRODUCT ADJUST Handle:

This handle is used to adjust the ratio between product and reject flows, increasing and decreasing proportionately. See *User Adjustments: Product and Reject Flow section* for more information.

PRESSURE GAUGES:

Filter-In – Measures the amount of feed water pressure into the Pre-Filter.

Filter-Out – Measures the amount of pressure post Pre-Filter.

Membrane – Measures the amount of pressure across the RO membranes.

Reject – Measures the amount of reject water pressure.

Product – Measures the amount of product water pressure.

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INITIAL START-UP

The following should be done when starting the RO...

- ... for the first time, assuming installation is complete
- ... after a membrane change
- ... after proper storage.

NOTICE

RO's and new membranes are shipped from the factory, packed in a preservative solution. The preservative must be removed by flushing to drain for a minimum of 2 hours, on initial start-up and when the membranes are changed.

WARNING

Disinfectants and cleaners can cause serious injury or death to patients undergoing hemodialysis treatment.

Do not change the position of the OPER-DISINFECT switch until everything is checked and cleared and it is safe to proceed.

- **1.** If a Tank-Feed system, attach a hose from the **3-Way Valve on the Reservoir**, running the other end to drain, and then turn the valve to drain.
- If a Direct-Feed system, connect a hose from the **End of Loop 3-Way Valve on/or near the RO** (location of valve determined by install), running the other end to drain, and then turn to drain.
- 2. Open the Junction Box and turn the breaker ON.
- **3.** Plug the RO power cord into an electrical outlet.
- 4. Locate the TANK-STBY-DIRECT Switch and set to DIRECT mode.



- 4. Set the RO in normal Operate Mode
- Turn the **OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch** to **OPER**
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER



5. Then push the ALARM RESET button to silence any alarms and start the RO.



- **6.** Let run for a minimum of 2 hours, diverting the product water to drain.
- **7.** Perform a disinfect procedure.
- * For instructions see the System Maintenance: Cleaning and Disinfecting section.

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- 8. Perform bacteria/endotoxins tests which must meet established standards.
- 9. Turn the RO OFF by turning the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.
- **10.** Set the Digital Flush Timer to flush every 4 hours in 15 minute intervals.
- * For instructions see the System Maintenance: Flush Timer section.
- NOTE: Do not set flush times during pre-treatment backwash or regeneration.
- **11.** Locate the **TANK-STBY-DIRECT Switch** and set to the mode based on the type of system, which will be either **TANK** mode or **DIRECT** mode.



Switch Down - Tank Mode



Switch Up - Direct Mode

- 12. If a Tank-Feed system, turn the 3-Way Valve on the Reservoir to RO.
- If a Direct-Feed system, turn the **End of Loop 3-Way Valve on/or near the RO** (location of valve determined by install) to **RO**.
- 13. The RO is now ready for normal start-up and daily use.
- Start the RO as detailed in the "Daily Operation" section and check the operation values after the Quality Purge Cycle. If the RO is not within these operating parameters, adjustments may have to be made. See the "User Adjustments" section.
- Check the product flow, reject flow, and re-circulate flow rates and compare to the previously stated "Membrane Array Flow Rate Specifications" section based on the number of RO membranes.
- Also perform a thorough quality assurance check of the entire water treatment system including the pre-treatment, post-treatment, and distribution.

DAILY OPERATION

1. Check the **RO CONTROL PANEL**. All alarm lights should be **OFF** and **NO** audible alarm should be sounding. If any one or more of the alarm lights are **ON** and/or an audible alarm is sounding, press the **ALARM RESET Button**. All alarm lights should go out and audible alarms should stop sounding.





- 2. Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER position.
- NOTE: If this switch is in the DISINFECT position, you MUST verify that the RO does NOT contain any disinfecting or cleaning solution BEFORE proceeding to the next step.

WARNING

Disinfectants and cleaners can cause serious injury or death to patients undergoing hemodialysis treatment.

- 3. Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER.
- NOTE: If the switch is in the **DISINFECT** or **OFF** position, see **step 2** and the warning above.



4. If you must reset the switches listed above, the alarm lights will illuminate and the audible alarm will sound, press the **ALARM RESET Button** to return the alarms to normal.



- 5. Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER
 - NOTE: Should the Storage Tank level have dropped to the RO START Proximity sensor, the RO would have automatically started upon turning the switch from FLUSH to OPER.
- On start-up the **Quality Purge cycle** will commence. An air purge cycle will run for approximately 30 seconds, then the RO pump will start, the product purge valve will open and run to drain until the water quality is above the set point. This is a normal function to advise you that the first water produced by the RO is being routed to drain until the water quality equals to or surpasses the set-point on the water quality monitor. This purge cycle may take approximately two minutes.

After the Quality Purge Cycle has completed, the RO should be operating within the following parameters:

- a. Membrane Pressure should read: 75-250 psi
- **b.** Reject Pressure: no standard
- c. Product Pressure should read: less than 25 psi on Tank-Feed systems and less than70 psi on Direct-Feed systems
- d. The water quality should be above the set-point (90%)

If the RO is not within these operating parameters, adjustments may have to be made. See the User Adjustments section.

- **6.** If water quality tests are to be performed then do the following:
- Press the TIMED OPERATE Button.
- This will start the RO which will run for 30 minutes.
- After the first 15 minutes, perform the required water tests, while the RO is running for an additional 15 minutes.



MONITORING PROCEDURES

The 3046 RO System **must be monitored** on a **daily** basis by a **qualified technician** recording the items listed below on a quality assurance check list. An example **RO Daily Start-Up Check List** is provided in the **Appendix A** of this manual and may be reproduced for use. These checks are best made when the RO is running during the Timed Operate cycle, after it has run for at least 15 minutes.

Monitoring Requirements: (record on a Quality Assurance Check List)

- RO switch positions
- RO lights and alarms
- Water flow and pressures
- Water quality
- Bacteria/endotoxins (check at least monthly; more often if necessary) must meet established standards

Quality assurance checks should also be performed periodically such as monthly or quarterly, and after maintenance such as filter and membrane changing to ensure the RO is operating properly. An example RO Quality Assurance Check List is provided in the Appendix A of this manual and may be reproduced for use.

END OF DAY PROCEDURE

After the hemodialysis day is over, the RO should be placed in FLUSH Mode by changing the setting on only one switch.

NOTE

The RO is not completely turned-off.

It is placed into an idle or standby mode that is called the FLUSH Mode.

- **1.** Ensure there are no further requirements for water for hemodialysis or other systems used in your facility.
- **2.** Turn the **OPER-FLUSH Switch** to **FLUSH**, and the RO will enter into an automatic and scheduled Flush program. The amber Flush Light will come on when the RO actually starts-up and goes into flush at the pre-determined time, or when manually cycled into the flush mode.



SHUT DOWN PROCEDURE

To turn the RO OFF, terminating all functions, simply...

1. Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.



GENERAL CLEANING and DISINFECTING INFORMATION

To perform at peak efficiency the RO system must periodically be cleaned and disinfected. These procedures are a crucial part of ensuring optimum performance of the RO membranes.

The **Cleaning Process** is designed to remove mineral deposits that may build-up on internal surfaces.

The **Disinfecting Process** is designed to significantly reduce bacteria and endotoxins that may build-up in the water and on the internal surfaces in the form of bio-film. The importance of regular and frequent disinfection cannot be minimized due to the risk associated with bacteria proliferation.

CLEANING and DISINFECTING FREQUENCY

As the manufacturer, Better Water LLC recommends the following:

- **If membrane fouling is indicated**: Low pH Clean with BWI-1000 and Disinfection with Minncare
- Monthly: Low pH Clean with BWI-1000 and Disinfection with Minncare (in that order).
- **Quarterly**: Low pH Clean with BWI-1000, High pH Clean with BWI-2000, and Disinfection with Minncare *(in that order).*
- If the RO has been in storage and should have been loaded with preservative, then after rinsing of preservative the following should be done: Low pH Clean with BWI-1000, High pH Clean with BWI-2000, and Disinfection with Minncare (in that order).

Cleaning and disinfecting should be initiated if membranes are fouled indicated when...

- ... the **Product Flow decreases** and the **Reject Flow increases**, and the two cannot be adjusted to design specifications
- ... the **Membrane Pressure increases**, and the **Reject Pressure decreases** which indicates a pressure drop across the membrane array. Example: In a 4 membrane array:

Membrane Pressure 150 psi — Reject Pressure 70 psi = 80 psi / 4 = 20 psi drop across each membrane.

... the Water Quality Monitor indicates a continuous decline in water quality

The RO may require more frequent cleaning and disinfecting, which is ultimately the Medical Director's responsibility to determine and is typically based on water testing.

Facilities that have more than one distribution loop should clean, disinfect, and rinse each loop separately.

RESIDUAL CHEMICAL TESTING

Users should refer to the chemical agent manufacturer to determine the appropriate method for testing for residual chemical substances in the water after cleaning and disinfecting. The water must be clear of detectable levels of cleaning and disinfecting agents prior to use with patients

CAUTION

If performing both Low pH and High pH cleanings, always perform the Low pH first, otherwise the membrane can be damaged.

WARNING

DO NOT use "Hydrochloric Acid" based products for disinfection and/or cleaning the RO as these can damage the internal components and will void the Limited Warranty.

Use only the recommended products as previously detailed.

Also DO NOT use "Sodium Hypochlorite" (bleach) based products as these will damage the membrane.

NOTICE

Changes in the tap water pH, TDS, temperature, or pressure, can also cause significant changes in the overall performance of the RO.

WATER SAMPLING

This RO is but a part of a total system designed to create AAMI quality water. As such, it is recommended that the water samples be drawn not only from the RO, but also from the other components in order to capture a complete view of the bio-burden impacting the system. Here are a few examples of these other sample points:

- Municipal Feed Water
- Pre-Treatment Water to the RO
- Product Water from the RO prior to cleaning and disinfecting
- Product Water from the RO after cleaning and disinfecting
- Within the Distribution Loop
- From the Reservoir

The user should draw samples from the RO before and after the cleaning and disinfecting procedure in order to measure the effectiveness of the cleaning and disinfecting process. Copies of the test results should be filed and available for review.

OUTSOURCED WATER TESTING

A laboratory specified by the physician or Medical Director should perform chemical and microbial analyses as outlined in the current AAMI/ISO Standards to determine the current compatibility of the system with the feed water and the suitability of the system for providing product water meeting the AAMI requirements. This should be performed annually or more often if needed but, is it is ultimately at the discretion of the physician or Medical Director.

Better Water LLC recommends bacterial testing should be performed once a month on the RO product water by a qualified microbiological laboratory. More frequent bacterial testing should be performed if the system has undergone repair or if the results of the cultures exhibit higher than allowable counts. Testing may increase or decrease at the discretion of the Facility Medical Director.

SANITIZING THE SANITARY SAMPLE PORTS

The sanitary sample port should be sanitized immediately BEFORE AAMI and biological sampling.



- **1.** Turn the port stem to the left to open and allow a full flow of liquid to pass out of the port for 1-2 minutes. Then close the port by turning the stem to the right.
- **2.** Fill a 20 mL plastic polypropylene syringe with at least 10 mL of 70% ethanol, 90% isopropyl alcohol, or 3% hydrogen peroxide solution. Attach the port-needle to the syringe.
- **3.** Insert the needle all the way into the port through the stem opening, and express most of the sanitizer into the port. Allow a few milliliters to flow out of the port outlet.
- **4.** As the needle is removed from the opening, squirt the remaining few milliliters of sanitizer over the outer surface of the stem.
- **5.** When ready to sample, open the port for 1 to 2 minutes to allow product water to rinse the residuals and any endotoxins from the sample port before sampling.

SAMPLE COLLECTING from a SANITARY SAMPLE PORT

In an effort to allow accurate bacterial testing of the product water from the RO, the Sanitary Sampling Port was added to all models produced August 2010 and later.



- Sample Ports on RO's produced before August 2010 **SHOULD NOT** be used to collect samples for bacteria cultures or LAL's. These sample ports should only be used to measure TDS only.

PROCEDURE

- 1. Put on surgical gloves (or similar) and a face shield.
- NOTE: Failure to do so may result in inaccurate and/or false readings from the sampling.
- 2. Sanitize the sample port as previously instructed.
- 3. Wipe the outside of the port with an alcohol wipe.
- 4. Prepare a sample cup for sampling, and place it cup under the valve
- Open the Sanitary Sample Port slowly to collect the sample.
- Avoid splatter which could cross contaminate the sample.
- Do not allow the cup to touch or come in contact with the Sanitary Sample Port.
- 5. Close the valve when enough sample has been taken.
- Immediately replace the lid on the sample cup.
- Avoid sample cup cap contamination by coming in contact with any external surfaces.
- Replace the plastic cap on the Sanitary Sample Port.
- **6.** Follow appropriate procedures for collection of samples with Accu Vials for colony count and LAL.

CLEANING and DISINFECTING REQUIRED MATERIALS

Part#	Description	Notes/Usage
EQASSYDISTANK	Clean/Disinfect Tank	- Used to mix water and chemicals for the
		cleaning and disinfecting procedure.
SUMCOO00572	BW-1000, Acid	- Replaces MinnClean AC
	Cleaner, low pH	- Application: For removing mineral scale
Better Water, Inc.		in membrane applications.
Martin Contract Contr	For CLEANING	- Acid Cleaner 1000 must be used before
	- scale removal	Alkaline Cleaner 2000, MemStore, or
		MinnCare.
SUMCOO00571	BW-2000, Alkaline	- It can be used on brass.
SUNICOO005/1	Cleaner, high pH	- Replaces MinnClean TF
	Cleaner, mgn ph	- Application: For removing grime, grease, oil, and biological matter on thin film
CONTROL FOR AND A STATE OF THE	For CLEANING	composite membranes. Mineral deposits
	- organic removal	can inhibit the Alkaline Cleaner, so the Acid
And Andrews of the Control of the Co	- organic removal	Cleaner 1000 should be used first to
		remove these deposits.
		- It can be used on brass.
SUMCO000575	MinnCare Cold	- Application: MinnCare Cold Sterilant is an
	Sterilant	oxidant that stops organism growth by
MANUAL SARE		oxidizing microbial cell proteins and enzyme
27 27 20 20	For DISINFECTING	systems, and effectively removes biofilm.
		- It can be used on units with stainless steel
		fittings only.
SUMCOO00577	MinnCare 1% Test	- Used to verify the proper dilution of the
Comments of the second of the	Strips	Sterilant solution.
MANAGE AND THE TAX TO		- Follow manufacturer's instructions for
0111100000576	For DISINFECTING	proper use.
SUMCOO00576	MinnCare Residual	- Used to verify no residual Sterilant is
CONSIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY O	Test Strips	present after flushing and rinsing.
	For DISINEECTING	- Follow manufacturer's instructions for
	For DISINFECTING	proper use.

SUMMARY of CLEANING and DISINFECTING

- If DISINFECTING... use MinnCare Cold Sterilant
- If CLEANING... use BWI-1000 Acid Cleaner and BWI-2000 Alkaline Cleaner

NOTICE

Better Water LLC does not recommend using Isopure Step 1 & Step 2 to clean the membranes, as these could potentially reduce the lifespan of the membrane.

CLEANING and DISINFECTING PROCEDURE (Tank Feed)

The procedure below applies to the Low pH cleaning, High pH cleaning, and disinfection.

WARNING

Chemical cleaners and disinfectants can cause serious injury or death.

Do not disinfect or clean the RO or Loop while patients are dialyzing.

Proper protective equipment must be used.

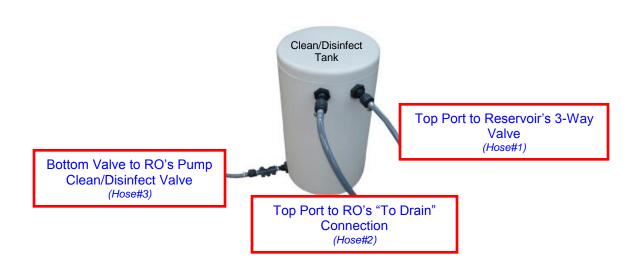
The preparation and handling of these chemical solutions must be done in accordance with the specifications established for the particular chemical and their Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

These procedures should be performed by trained and qualified technicians.

In general the steps for disinfecting and cleaning are same with the exception of the chemical used for each, and the type of test strips used to verify either the presence or absence of those chemicals. Depending on whether disinfecting or cleaning, a distinction is made in individual steps by prefacing either "IF DISINFECTING..." or "IF CLEANING...". Also the generic word "chemical" will be used to refer to either disinfectant if disinfecting or cleaner if cleaning.

In order to simplify the terminology used in this procedure the following terms will be used:

- The Storage Tank will be referred to as the Reservoir
- The Clean/Disinfect Tank will be referred to as the Tank
- There are three hoses supplied with the Tank which will referred to as follows:
 - HOSE#1 Tank Product Hose (longest of the 3; ends: female & female)
 - HOSE#2 Tank Drain Hose (ends: male & male)
 - HOSE#3 Tank Disinfect Hose (ends: male & female)



PROCEDURE

- **1.** Place a warning placard stating "**DO NOT USE CLEANING/DISINFECTING IN PROGRESS**". End users should be notified as well that this procedures in in progress.
- 2. Open the Control Box and flip the DIRECT-STBY-TANK Switch to DIRECT.
- 3. Prepare the Tank.
- a. Open the Tank's Bottom Valve so it can be rinsed.
- b. Connect Hose#1 from the Reservoir's 3-Way Valve to the Tank's Top Right Port.
- c. Turn the Reservoir's 3-Way Valve so it flows to this hose.



- d. Start the RO in normal Operate Mode and rinse the Tank with RO product water.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER
- Press the **ALARM RESET Button** if the alarm sounds.
- * Once the RO is in good water quality it will start to fill the Tank.
- e. After rinsing the Tank, close the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- **f.** Fill the **Tank** with RO product water.
- IF CLEANING, fill Tank with 15 gallons (approximately14 inches.
- *IF DISINFECTING*, fill **Tank** with 20 gallons (approximately 18 inches).
- Once filled with the desired amount turn the RO OFF by turning the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.



OPER.FLUSH

- 4. Prepare RO and Hoses.
- a. Disconnect the RO's Drain Hose from the RO's "To Drain" Connection and connect Hose#2 from that connection to the Tank's Top Left Port.

OPER. DISINFECT OFF

- b. Connect Hose#3 from the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Ball Valve to the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- 5. Prime Hose#3
- a. Loosen the Parker connection at the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Ball Valve.
- **b.** Open the **Tank's Bottom Valve**, prime the hose, and then tighten the loosened Parker connection.
- c. Open the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Ball Valve.
- **NOTE:** If this hose hasn't been properly primed the pump will air lock and could cause damage to the pump.
- 6. Start RO in Disinfect Mode and begin circulation...
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to DISINFECT
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to DISINFECT
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH switch to OPER
- * Verify flow by looking at the Product and Reject Flow-Meters, and visually see if water flowing back in to the Tank otherwise re-prime Hose#3. Also check for leaks and correct before proceeding.



- 7. <u>IF CLEANING</u>... before beginning cleaning, take a baseline pH reading from the product water returning into the **Tank** to compare to tests to follow.
- 8. Add chemicals for procedure...
- *IF DISINFECTING*, add 750 mL of either Renalin or MinnCare to the **Tank**.

- *IF CLEANING*, add 1 lb or 454 grams of either Low pH (*BWI-1000*) or High pH (*BWI-2000*) cleaner to the Tank. If using a *graduated cylinder measure*, 340 mL of Low pH cleaner (*BWI-1000*) and 490 mL for High pH cleaner (*BWI-2000*).

- **9.** After circulating for a few minutes verity the strength of the chemical in the Tank using appropriate medium for chemical used.
 - *IF DISINFECTING*, a 1% Peracetic acid test strip should be used to verify that the solution returning back to the **Tank** is at 1%.
 - *IF CLEANING*, verify the pH of the chemical used by checking the solution returning back to the **Tank**. For Low pH cleaner the pH should read less than 3 pH units. For High pH cleaner the pH should read greater than 9 pH units.
- 10. Circulate for an additional 15 minutes.
- 11. After the 15 minute circulation, turn the RO OFF.
 - Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.
 - IF DISINFECTING, let dwell for a minimum of 2 hours.
 - IF CLEANING, no recommended dwell time is required.



WARNING

When performing following instructions, the hoses connected to the Tank will contain chemical solution. When each hose is disconnected, the solution will drain from the hose. Use either a disposable container to collect the solution as it drains, or hold the end of each hose in an elevated position which will cause the solution to drain to the Tank. Take appropriate safety measures to avoid injury from splash and spills.

- **12.** Prepare to Rinse.
- a. Close the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Valve and the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- b. Disconnect Hose#3 from the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Valve and run to drain.
- c. Open the Tank's Bottom Valve to drain the Tank, closing it once empty.
- 13. First Rinse.
- a. Disconnect Hose#1 from Tank and put to drain.
- b. Disconnect Hose#2 from RO's "To Drain" Connection and reconnect the RO's Drain Hose to that connection.
- c. Start the RO and allow to rinse for 30-45 minutes.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER
- Turn OPER-DISINFECT Keved Switch to OPER
- Turn OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER
- Press the ALARM RESET Button if alarm sounds.
- * Once the RO is in good water quality it will begin to rinse.



- 14. First Check for Residuals.
 - *IF CLEANING*, verify that the pH from the product returns to baseline pH that was observed before cleaning. If any chemical detected, continue rinsing until clear.
 - <u>If DISINFECTING</u>, verify that the chemical has been rinsed out from the product, use a residual test strip. If the residual test strip shows a positive reading, continue rinsing to drain until a negative reading is obtained.
- 15. IF DISINFECTING, turn the RO OFF for a Rebound Break.
- a. Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.

A <u>Rebound Break is for 15-20 minutes, and is highly recommended</u> as some residual chemical could still be present in the membranes even if a negative result was obtained during rinsing. After the rebound break time has been completed (15-20 min), restart the RO in normal Operate



mode again and recheck for Residual. If the residual is positive, continue to rinse until a negative result is achieved. Once the residual is negative, turn the RO OFF and allow for another Rebound Break of 15-20 minutes. Turn the RO ON, and re-check for residual. Repeat this process as many times as necessary until a negative residual is obtained after the residual break.

OPER. DISINFECT OFF

OPER, DISINFECT

16. Final Rinse.

- a. Restart the RO and run for 15 minutes.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER
- Press the ALARM RESET Button if the alarm sounds.
- * Once the RO is in good water quality it will begin to rinse.

17. Final Check for Residuals.

- IF DISINFECTING, verify that the chemical has been rinsed out from the product, use a residual test strip. If the residual test strip shows a positive reading, continue rinsing to drain until a negative reading is obtained.
- IF CLEANING, verify that the pH from the product returns to baseline pH that was observed before cleaning. If any chemical detected, continue rinsing until clear.

18. Finalize.

- a. Once the RO has been verified to be clear of chemicals turn the RO OFF.
 - Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.
- b. Turn the Reservoir's 3-Way Valve back to "Tank", so RO product water goes to the Reservoir.
- c. Disconnect Hose#1 from the Reservoir's 3-Way Valve.
- d. Open the Control Box and flip the DIRECT-STBY-TANK Switch to TANK.



OPER FLUSH



- e. Place the RO back into normal operating mode by turning the **OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER.**
- * Press the ALARM RESET button if any alarms.
- f. Once the Tank is empty, close the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- Disconnect, drain, and store all Tank Hoses.

WARNING

It is critically important that no residual chemicals are present before proceeding.





CLEANING and DISINFECTING PROCEDURE (Direct Feed)

The procedure below applies to the Low pH cleaning, High pH cleaning, and disinfection.

WARNING

Chemical cleaners and disinfectants can cause serious injury or death.

Do not disinfect or clean the RO or Loop while patients are dialyzing.

Proper protective equipment must be used.

The preparation and handling of these chemical solutions must be done in accordance with the specifications established for the particular chemical and their Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

These procedures should be performed by trained and qualified technicians.

In general the steps for disinfecting and cleaning are same with the exception of the chemical used for each, and the type of test strips used to verify either the presence or absence of those chemicals. Depending on whether disinfecting or cleaning, a distinction is made in individual steps by prefacing either "IF DISINFECTING..." or "IF CLEANING...". Also the generic word "chemical" will be used to refer to either disinfectant if disinfecting or cleaner if cleaning.

In order to simplify the terminology used in this procedure the following terms will be used:

- The **Clean/Disinfect Tank** will be referred to as the **Tank**. It has two top connection ports and the bottom valve.
- There are three hoses supplied with the Tank which will referred to as follows:
 - **HOSE#1** Tank Product Hose (longest of the 3; ends: female & female)
 - HOSE#2 Tank Drain Hose (ends: male & male)
 - HOSE#3 Tank Disinfect Hose (ends: male & female)
- A Direct Feed RO has a **3-Way Loop Return Valve** that Tank Feed RO's don't have. It is located in the center of the device underneath the hydroblock. It has two connection points labeled as "**LOOP RETURN**" and "**TO DRAIN**".



Clean/Disinfect Tank

Top Port to RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve "To Drain" (Hose#1)

Bottom Valve to RO's Pump Clean/Disinfect Valve (Hose#3)

Top Port to RO's "To Drain"
Connection
(Hose#2)

Better Water LLC; rev. Apr 2020

PROCEDURE

1. Place a warning placard stating "**DO NOT USE – CLEANING/DISINFECTING IN PROGRESS**". End users should be notified as well that this procedures in in progress.

- 2. Prepare the Tank.
- a. Open the Tank's Bottom Valve so it can be rinsed.
- b. Remove the cap on the RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve "To Drain" Connection.
- c. Connect Hose#1 from the RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve's "To Drain" Connection to the Tank's Top Right Port.
- d. Turn RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve to "TO DRAIN".
- e. Start the RO in Operate Mode and rinse the Tank with RO product water.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER.
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER.
- * Press the ALARM RESET Button if the alarm sounds.
- * Once the RO is in good water quality it will start to fill the Tank.
- f. After rinsing the Tank, close the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- g. Fill the Tank with RO product water.
 - IF CLEANING, fill Tank with 15 gallons (approximately 14 inches.)
 - **IF DISINFECTING**, fill **Tank** with 20 gallons (approximately 18 inches).
- h. Once the Tank has been filled, turn the RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve to "LOOP RETURN".
- 3. Prepare RO and Hoses.
- a. Disconnect the RO's Drain Hose from the RO's "To Drain" Connection and connect Hose#2 from that connection to the Tank's Top Left Port.
- b. Connect Hose#3 from the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Ball Valve to the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- 4. Prime Hose#3.
- a. Loosen the Parker connection at the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Ball Valve.
- **b.** Open the **Tank's Bottom Valve**, prime the hose, and then tighten the loosened Parker connection
- c. Open the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Ball Valve.
- **NOTE**: If this hose hasn't been properly primed the pump will air lock and could cause damage to the pump.
- 5. Put the RO in disinfect mode.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to DISINFECT.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to DISINFECT.
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER.
- * Verify flow by looking at the Product and Reject Flow-Meters, and visually see if water flowing back in to the Tank otherwise re-prime Hose#3. Also check for leaks and correct before proceeding.
- **6. IF CLEANING**... before beginning cleaning, take a baseline pH reading from the product water returning into the **Tank** to compare to tests to follow.
- **7.** Add the appropriate amount of chemical (cleaner or disinfectant).
 - IF DISINFECTING, add 750 mL of either Renalin or MinnCare to the Tank.
 - *IF CLEANING*, add 1 lbs. or 454 grams of either Low pH (*BWI-1000*) or High pH (*BWI-2000*) cleaner to the Tank. If using a *graduated cylinder measure*, 340 mL of Low pH cleaner (*BWI-1000*) and 490 mL for High pH cleaner (*BWI-2000*).
- **8.** After circulating for a few minutes verify the strength of chemical in the **Tank** using appropriate medium for chemical used.



OPER. DISINFECT OFF

OPER, DISINFECT

OPER.FLUSH

- *IF DISINFECTING*, a 1% Peracetic acid test strip should be used to verify that the solution returning back to the **Tank** is at 1%.

- *IF CLEANING*, verify the pH of the chemical used by checking the solution returning back to the **Tank**. For Low pH cleaner the pH should read less than 3 pH units. For High pH cleaner the pH should read greater than 9 pH units.
- 9. Circulate for an additional 15 minutes.
- 10. After the 15 minute circulation, turn the RO OFF.
- a. Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.
 - IF DISINFECTING, let dwell for a minimum of 2 hours.
 - IF CLEANING, no recommended dwell time is required.



WARNING

When performing following instructions, the hoses connected to the Tank will contain chemical solution. When each hose is disconnected, the solution will drain from the hose. Use either a disposable container to collect the solution as it drains, or hold the end of each hose in an elevated position which will cause the solution to drain to the Tank. Take appropriate safety measures to avoid injury from splash and spills.

- 11. Prepare to Rinse.
- a. Close the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Valve and the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- b. Disconnect Hose#3 from close the RO Pump's Clean/Disinfect Valve and run to drain.
- c. Open the Tank's Bottom Valve to drain the Tank, closing it once empty.
- 12. First Rinse.
- a. Turn the RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve to "TO DRAIN".
- **b.** Disconnect the **Hose#1** from the **Tank** and place to drain.
- **c.** Disconnect **Hose#2** from the **RO's "To Drain" Connection** and reconnect the **RO's Drain Hose** to that connection.
- d. Start RO and allow to rinse for 30-45 minutes.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER
- Press the ALARM RESET Button if the alarm sounds.
- * Once the RO is in good water quality it will begin to rinse.



- 13. First Check for Residuals.
 - *IF DISINFECTING*, verify that the chemical has been rinsed out from the product, use a residual test strip. If the residual test strip shows a positive reading, continue rinsing to drain until a negative reading is obtained.
 - *IF CLEANING*, verify that the pH from the product returns to baseline pH that was observed before cleaning. If any chemical detected, continue rinsing until clear.
- 14. Second Rinse.
- a. Turn OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.
- b. Turn the RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve to "LOOP RETURN".
- c. Start RO in and allow to rinse for 15 minutes.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER



OPER. DISINFECT OFF



- Press the ALARM RESET Button if the alarm sounds.
- * Once the RO is in good water quality it will begin to rinse.
- 15. Second Check for Residuals.
 - *IF CLEANING*, test for the absence of chemical before proceeding. Verify that the pH from the product returns to baseline pH that was observed before cleaning. If any chemical detected, continue rinsing until clear.
 - *IF DISINFECTING*, verify that the chemical has been rinsed out from the product, use a residual test strip. If the residual test strip shows a positive reading, continue rinsing to drain until a negative reading is obtained.
- 16. IF DISINFECTING, turn the RO OFF for a Rebound Break.
- a. Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.

A Rebound Break is for 15-20 minutes, and is highly recommended as some residual chemical could still be present in the membranes even if a negative result was obtained during rinsing. After the rebound break time has been completed (15-20 min), restart the RO in normal Operate mode again and recheck for Residual. If the residual is positive, continue to rinse until a negative result is achieved. Once the residual is negative, turn the RO OFF and allow for another Rebound Break of 15-20 minutes. Turn the RO ON, and re-check for residual. Repeat this process as many times as necessary until a negative residual is obtained after the residual break.



- a. Turn the RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve to "To Drain".
- b. Restart the RO and run for 15 minutes.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER
- Press the ALARM RESET Button if the alarm sounds.
- * Once the RO is in good water quality it will begin to rinse.
- 18. Final Check for Residuals.
 - **IF DISINFECTING**, verify that the chemical has been rinsed out from the product, use a residual test strip. If the residual test strip shows a positive reading, continue rinsing to drain until a negative reading is obtained.
 - **IF CLEANING**, verify that the pH from the product returns to baseline pH that was observed before cleaning. If any chemical detected, continue rinsing until clear.
- 19. Finalize.
- a. Once the RO has been verified to be clear of chemicals turn the RO OFF.
 - Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.
- b. Remove Hose#1 from RO's 3-Way Loop Return Valve and put cap back on.
- **c.** Place the RO back into normal operating mode by turning the **OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch** to **OPER.**
- * Press the ALARM RESET button if any alarms.
- d. Once the Tank is empty, close the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- Disconnect, drain, and store all Tank Hoses.



WARNING

It is critically important that no residual chemicals are present before proceeding.



OPER, DISINFECT

OPER. DISINFECT OFF

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

USER ADJUSTMENTS

On occasion, the RO may require adjustments that can be performed by **qualified operators**. There are many factors that can affect the performance of the RO. If minor adjustments to the RO do not produce the desired results, investigate changes in the water feeding the RO.

Water pH, temperature, pressure, TDS, and flow changes can cause a reduction in the RO performance. **In worst case situations**, changes to the tap water can create conditions the RO cannot handle without supplemental water treatment.

CAUTION

Only qualified RO operators should make adjustments to the unit.

Before making any adjustments, read this entire section and pay close attention to cautions, notes, and items marked important.

While making adjustments, the RO must be running with no alarm conditions indicated.

The inlet water temperature must be 50-92°F with 77°F being optimum. The temperature must be measured while the RO is in normal operation. The RO inlet water pressure must be between 20 and 90 psi (optimum 40 psi) while flowing at the rate specified for this unit. See Unit Specification Sheet.

USER ADJUSTMENTS: VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE

VFD – Adjusting Product and Reject Set-Points

The VFD is pre-programmed with operational parameters set by Better Water and locked out to the end user. If trouble-shooting VFD issues Call Better Water for technical assistance.

The VFD set point and Product/Reject flow are set by turning the **ADJUSTMENT Wheel**. *NOTE: Older models had Up and Down Arrow Buttons for adjustment.*

- To properly set the correct set point and Product/Reject of the RO, the RO must be on and running.
- Run the RO for 5 minutes before setting the set point. The set point relates to the desired product and reject flow of the RO.
- To calculate the flow count:
 - **Example:** A 4 membrane array RO will be set at 5 gpm Product and 5 gpm Reject at 50% recovery.
 - Number of membranes x 1.25 gpm = Rated Product Flow 4 membranes x 1.25 gpm = 5.0 Rated Product Flow (± 20%).
 - At 50% recovery the Reject flow will 5 gpm (± 20%) as well.

When setting the correct flow, the Post Filter pressure should be at 40 psi on the RO when making the adjustment. If not, adjust the Post City Boost VFD on the Pre-Treatment.

- Turn the ADJUSTMENT Wheel to set the desired Product flow and set point.
- Once set then push ENT Button.
- FC will appear briefly in the display and then the display will read actual frequency the RO



Pump is running at.

- If the **ENT** is not pushed the VFD will revert back to the original set point.

On the front panel of the RO, locate the Reject & Product Adjustment T-Handle. Slowly turn the T-Handle either clockwise or counter-clockwise adjust the flows. The goal is to balance or get the product and reject flows as close as possible.

- Examples: Product Flow = 5.0 gpm; Reject Flow = 5.0 gpm; Recovery = 50%

As necessary utilizing the VFD and the Reject & Product Adjustment T-Handle, adjust to proper designed flow rate.

VFD ERROR CODES

Occasionally power interruptions cause a VFD error to occur. First check the breaker in the Junction Box, and reset if tripped. Otherwise check to see of any error codes are displayed on the VFD. Below are some of the more common error codes and their cause.

- OC1, OC2, or OC3 = Over current event has occurred.
- EPHI or EPHO = Phase input or output event has occurred.
- **OP1**, **OP2**, **OP3** = Over voltage event has occurred.
- OL1 or OL2 = Overload event has occurred.
- **LStP** = VFD is idle and below minimum programmed set point. This set point is 6 Hz, is preprogrammed, and is locked out to the end-user.

To correct any of the above error codes except for the **LStP** do the following:

- 1. Turn the RO OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.
- 2. Unplug the Main RO Power Cord and wait 10-15 seconds for the VFD to power down.
- 3. Reconnect the Main RO Power Cord.
- 4. Turn the RO OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER.
- 5. If the error persists contact Technical Support for assistance.

VFD - Breaker

The VFD breaker is located in Junction Box. If the breaker has tripped the RO Pump and VFD will not operate. This breaker will shut off power to the VFD to prevent damage to the VFD and the RO PUMP.

VFD - Transducer

The VFD transducer is threaded into a tee located post RO Pump/pre-membrane. The transducer communicates with the VFD to maintain the set point by analyzing pressure differentials pre and post RO Pump. For example, if the pre or post RP Pump pressure drops the transducer transmits that signal to the VFD. The VFD will increase the frequency to compensate for the pressure loss and will try to maintain set point and Product/Reject flows. The same is true if the pre or post RO Pump pressures increases the transducer signals the VFD to decrease frequency.

USER ADJUSTMENTS: PRODUCT and REJECT FLOW

Peak efficiency for the RO is based on the Product and Reject Flow. The Reject & Product Adjustment T-Handle located on the front of the RO is used to make this adjustment. This procedure describes how to adjust both Product and Reject Flow.



- **1.** Locate the Reject & Product T-Handle on the front of the RO panel, which adjusts the Reject/Product Regulating Valve.
- **2.** Slowly turn the T-Handle either clockwise or counter-clockwise adjust the flows. The goal is to balance or get the product and reject flows as close as possible.
- Examples: Product Flow = 5.0 gpm; Reject Flow = 5.0 gpm; Recovery = 50% See Membrane Array Flow Rate Specifications section for designed flow rates.
- **3.** After the Reject and Product Flows have been balanced, perform a Quality Assurance Check on the RO to insure all pressures and flows are within design specifications.

USER ADJUSTMENTS: RECIRCULATION FLOW

The recirculate flow is adjusted by turning the Recirculate Adjustment T-handle located on the front of the RO. Recirculate flow is increased by turning the T-handle clockwise, and decreased by turning it counter-clockwise. See *Membrane Array Flow Rate Specifictions section* for designed flow rates.

USER ADJUSTMENTS: MEMBRANE PRESSURE

The membrane pressure is adjusted automatically by the variable frequency drive on the RO pump, based on the flow rate of the RO.

USER ADJUSTMENTS: REJECT PRESSURE

There is **no** reject pressure adjustment on this RO. The Reject Pressure is used solely to monitor the pressure drop across the membrane.

USER ADJUSTMENTS: PRODUCT PRESSURE

If a Tank Feed System, there are **no** requirements to adjust the Product Pressure.

<u>For Direct Feed Systems</u> the Product Pressure should be adjusted only when there are no requirements for RO water.

- 1. Locate the Pressure Bypass T-handle at the end of the distribution loop (return to RO).
- 2. Turn the T-handle clockwise to increase product pressure, and counter-clockwise to decrease product pressure.
- Maximum product pressure is 70 psi.
- Product pressure must be greater than feed water/Pre-Filter out pressure to the RO. Adjustments on feed water pressure may be required before attempting to adjust product pressure.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE							
MAINTENANCE TASKS	Each Shift	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	3 Months	6 Months	Other
Check the system for leaks	Х	Х					Visual inspection
Monitor the system for unusual sounds	Χ	Х					Auditory inspection
Clean external surfaces; - Use a soft damp cloth. Do not use bleach.			X				Use a soft, damp towel or sponge. DO NOT USE BLEACH.
Perform a low pH cleaning and disinfection - See "General Cleaning and Disinfecting Information" section				Х			
Perform a low pH cleaning, high pH cleaning, and disinfection - See "General Cleaning and Disinfecting Information" section					x		
Verify Water Quality Monitor Board, calibrating if necessary - See "System Maintenance" section				Х			
Verify Flush Timer day and time setting - See "System Maintenance" section				X	X		
Change 5 micron Pre-Filter - See "System Maintenance" section				x			Change every 30 days or when the △P reaches or exceeds 15 psi.
Change .03 micron Final Filter - See "System Maintenance" section						X	Change every 6 months or when the △P reaches or exceeds 15 psi.
Change Membranes - See "System Maintenance" section							Every 3-5 years, or when low flow rates are experienced, or percent rejection drops below operational parameters.
Perform chemical, microbial, and endotoxin testing on feed and product water as per AAMI requirements. Submit to a qualified testing laboratory.							Annually, or more often as needed.

NOTE

The maintenance schedule is merely a recommendation by Better Water, but it is up to the discretion of the Medical Director of the facility as to when they are performed, which may be more often or less often at their discretion as circumstances and company policy dictate.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Digital Flush Timer, Standard Operation

Normally, the Reverse Osmosis Machine Membranes should be flushed multiple times per day and for only 15 minutes per flush.

- If your operation is considered less than normal (*less than 6 days a week operation*), the FREQUENCY of the FLUSH CYCLE should be set to occur more often. In this case, we recommend that the FREQUENCY of the FLUSH CYCLE should be set to occur (*at a minimum*) once every four hours for 15 minutes per flush cycle.
- If you should elect to operate the clinic (*water treatment system*) on an unscheduled basis, there would be no problem, because the OPERATE-FLUSH switch controls the Flush Timer. In other words, the Flush Timer would be inactivated when the OPERATE-FLUSH switch is in the OPERATE position, and when the OPERATE-FLUSH switch is returned to the FLUSH position, the FLUSH TIMER would be reactivated. In either position of the OPERATE-FLUSH switch, the FLUSH TIMER CLOCK would continue to keep the correct time of the day; however, the position of the OPERATE-FLUSH switch would determine if a flush of the membranes would occur or not.



part# **ELPWSW00991**24V Digital Flush Timer

CAUTION

The time that a FLUSH CYCLE is scheduled should not coincide with the backwash or regeneration of any pre-treatment component. If the two should occur simultaneously, it could trigger a LOW PRESSURE ALARM due to insufficient water pressure and insufficient quantity being available to meet the demand. If an interlock is already initiated the RO will be shutdown, and therefore couldn't go into flush.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Replace Digital Flush Timer Battery

WARNING

Electrical Hazard
The RO Control Box has 24 VAC

It is recommended that operators verify the time and day at least monthly. The digital flush timer is equipped with a **Lithium CR2032** battery. If the battery fails, it should be replaced.

- **1.** Remove the 4 amp fuse (*in black fuse holder*) inside the Control Box. This will disconnect all 24 volt power from the Control Box.
- **2.** Remove the Timer from the Control Box Back Plate by removing the white plastic retainers threaded onto the threaded studs in the corners of the timer.



- 3. It is not necessary or recommended that the wires be disconnected from the timer.
- **4.** Gently pull the timer straight out, without putting undue stain on the wires. Gently turn the timer so the back is facing out.

- 5. The battery is located on the back of the timer.
- **6.** With a coin or screwdriver, open the battery compartment and remove the old battery.
- 7. Replace the battery (Lithium CR2032), taking care to insert the new battery properly.
- 8. Replace the battery cover.
- **9.** Gently put the timer back on the 4 retaining threaded studs and replace the white plastic threaded retainers.
- 10. Replace the 4 amp fuse.
- **11.** With a pin-small pointed object screwdriver blade-paperclip push the **RESET button** to do a complete reset.
- **12.** Set the clock and re-program all flush cycles.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Set Digital Flush Timer Current Day and Time

- 1. Press and HOLD the CLOCK button while doing the following
- 2. Press the DAY button to scroll through the day options until the desired day is displayed
- 3. Press the HOUR button to scroll through the hour options until the desired hour is displayed
- 4. Press the MIN button to scroll through the minute options until the desired minute is displayed
- 5. When set to correct day, hour, and minute, Release the **CLOCK button**
- * **NOTE:** This Timer <u>Does Not</u> Have a Daylight Savings Time feature. If you are in an area that recognizes the time change twice a year, you will need to reset the timer at each time change.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Set Digital Flush Timer Flush Mode Frequency

- **1.** Decide the frequency the RO will be flushed.- This timer has the capacity to program up to eight different flush day and time combinations if needed, but the recommended is only 6 times.
- The recommended minimum flush time should not be less than 15 minutes.
- **2.** Press the **TIMER button**. The display should read **1 ON --:--** or 1 ON and a time if previously set.
- The 1 denotes that this is the first of eight possible programmable flush settings. The ON denotes the start or time the flush will begin.
- **3.** Press the **DAY button** to scroll the multiple day options available. The only option strongly recommended by Better Water, LLC is the **7 days, Mo, Tu, We, Th, Fr, Sa, Su** option since the flush mode directly affects the RO's performance.
- 4. Press the HOUR button to scroll through the hour options until the desired hour is displayed.

5. Press the MIN button to scroll through the minute options until the desired minute is displayed.

- **6.** Press the **TIMER button**. The display should read **1 OFF --:--** or 1 OFF and a time if previously set.
- The 1 denotes that this is the first of eight possible programmable flush settings. The OFF denotes the end or the time the flush will stop.
- **7.** Press the **DAY button** to scroll the multiple day options available. The only option strongly recommended by Better Water, LLC is the **7 days, Mo, Tu, We, Th, Fr, Sa, Su** option since the flush mode directly affects the RO's performance.
- 8. Press the HOUR button to scroll through the hour options until the desired hour is displayed.
- 9. Press the MIN button to scroll through the minute options until the desired minute is displayed.
- Verify that the there is at least a 15 minute difference between the ON and OFF times.
- * To program other flush mode day(s) and times simply press the TIMER button to set the other ON and OFF flush mode programs, then follow the same instructions above starting with step #2 to set the days and start and end times.

EXAMPLE: If the timer is set as follows:

- 1 ON 08:00 AM Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su
- 1 OFF 08:15 AM Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su
- In this example, the first flush program for the RO is set to start flush mode every day of the week at 8:00 am and end at 8:15 am.
- If a second flush time is needed, the program would be as follows:
 - 2 ON 03:00 PM Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su 2 OFF 03:15 PM Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su
 - In this example, the second flush program for the RO is set to start flush mode every day of the week at 3:00 pm and end at 3:15 pm.

It is recommended that the RO should go into a Flush cycle 6 times per day. This covers three day/week operations and six day/week operations when the RO is not in regular use. Up to eight time intervals can be set, but 6 is recommended.

It is also recommended that the RO not be set to flush during the regularly scheduled backwash or regeneration of filters and softeners. If the timer is set during these times, the Interlock System will prevent the RO from running, (or will shut down the RO). If the RO does not get a proper and regular FLUSH, fouling of the RO membranes or Low Pressure Alarms can occur.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Perform a Manual Flush using the Digital Flush Timer

This timer has a Manual Flush Feature. When the MANUAL button on the flush timer is pressed a horizontal-indicator line on the LCD display above the ON - AUTO - OFF will change positions to indicate which mode it is in. Each time the MANUAL button is pressed the horizontal-indicator line moves to indicate what mode the timer is in.

- 1. Set the following RO switches:
- Turn the OPERATE-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPERATE OPER DISINFECT OFF
- Turn OPERATE-DISINFECT Key Switch to OPERATE
- Turn the **OPERATE-FLUSH Switch** to **FLUSH**



- Then push the ALARM RESET Button to start the RO.

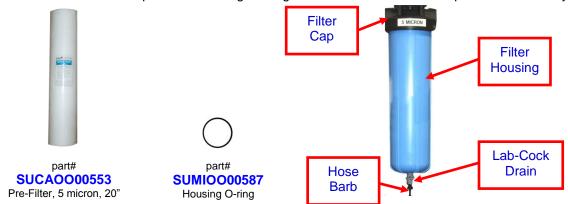


- 2. Push the MANUAL button on the flush timer.
 The horizontal line in the display should be above
 ON. If not continue pressing the MANUAL button
- **ON**. If not continue pressing the MANUAL button until the horizontal-indicator line is above ON.
- **3.** The RO will start a Flush cycle. (*This will be indicated on the timer display and RED indicator light on the timer*)
- **4.** To terminate the Manual Flush Mode, push the **MANUAL button** twice or until the horizontal-indicator line is above **OFF**.
- 5. Push the MANUAL button once more so the horizontal-indicator line is above AUTO. NOTE: if the horizontal-indicator line in the LCD display is not above AUTO, the RO will not flush automatically in FLUSH MODE.



SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Change 5 micron, 20" Pre-Filter

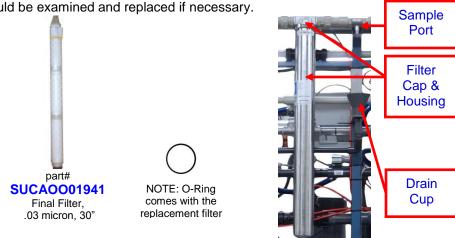
Better Water LLC, recommends that the 5 micron filter be changed monthly or when the ΔP reaches or exceeds 15 psi. The housing O-Ring should be examined and replaced if necessary.



- 1. Turn the RO OFF.
- 2. Close the valve from the Pre-Treatment to the RO Pre-Filter to stop water flow to the RO.
- **3.** Either place a container under the Pre-Filter Housing Lab-Cock or attach a drain-tube from the Hose Barb on the Lab-Cock on the Pre-Filter Housing to a container or drain.
- 4. Open the Lab-Cock to allow water to begin to drain from the filter housing.
- **5.** Using a filter wrench, loosen the filter housing just enough to allow air to enter the housing which will result in a greater flow of water draining from the housing.
- 6. Allow all the water to drain from the housing.
- 7. Unscrew the filter housing to remove it.
- 8. Remove the old filter, remove the new filter's plastic covering, and then place in the housing.
- **9.** Carefully re-seat the filter housing to the mount, and screw in to tighten, making sure the O-Ring is properly seated.
- Use the filter wrench to tighten, but do not over tighten.
- 10. Close the Lab-Cock on the bottom of the Pre-Filter Housing.
- 11. Open the valve from the Pre-Treatment to the RO Pre-Filter to allow water flow to the RO.
- **12.** Slowly open the Lab-Cock for several seconds to verify water is flowing into the housing and purge some of the trapped air.
- 13. Close the Lab-Cock and check for leaks, tightening the housing with the wrench if necessary.
- 14. Remove the container from under the housing or the drain-tube from the Lab-Cock.
- **15.** Start the RO and allow to run for a few minutes to verify water flow and check for leaks around the Pre-Filter Housing, then turn the RO OFF.
- **16.** The filter is now ready for use.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Change .03 micron, 20" Final-Filter

Better Water LLC, recommends that the .03 micron filter be changed every 6 month. The housing O-Ring should be examined and replaced if necessary.



- 1. Turn the RO OFF.
- **2.** Slowly open the Sample Port after the Final Filter Housing to allow water to begin to drain from the filter housing.
- 3. Allow as much water as will to drain from the housing, and then close the Sample Port.
- **4.** Using a filter wrench, slowly unscrew the filter housing to remove it.
- NOTE: It will still be full of water, which should be discarded.
- **5.** Remove the old filter and replace with a new filter.
- **6.** Carefully re-seat the filter housing to the mount, and screw in to tighten, making sure the O-Ring is properly seated.
- Use the filter wrench to tighten, but do not over tighten.
- **7.** Start the RO and allow to run for a few minutes to verify water flow and check for leaks around the Pre-Filter Housing.
- **8.** Slowly open the Sample Port for several seconds to verify water is flowing into the housing and purge the trapped air.
- **9.** Close the Sample-Port and check for leaks, tightening the housing with the wrench if necessary.
- 10. Perform a disinfection of the RO.
- 13. The filter is now ready for use.

NOTE

If high organics are present in the feed water, an alternative 20" .05 micron filter is available. Part number **SUCAPE00569**.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Change Membranes and O-Rings

Better Water LLC, recommends that the membranes be changed if low flow rates or percent of rejection fall below operational parameters after cleaning.

The life of an RO membrane is dependent on many factors such as feed water quality, properly operating pre-treatment and routine maintenance such as membrane cleanings and disinfections.

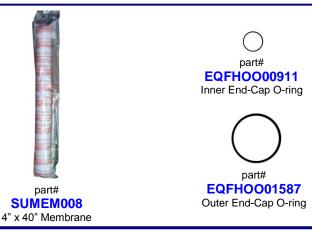
Normally, you can expect the membranes to last from 3-5 years or more. Eventually, you will need to replace membranes and the following should be used as a guide for this procedure.

CAUTION

Failure to follow these instructions can result in voiding the membrane warranty.

NOTE

It is recommended that the O-Rings be replaced when the membranes are replaced, and that medical grade glycerin be used as a lubricate because of its water-solubility.



For Older Model ROs:

RO models manufactured prior to September 2006 were made with different membrane housings than the fiberglass ones used currently. If ordering replacement membranes and O-rings for these ROs call Technical Support for assistance.

WARNING

Membranes are packed in a chemical preservative which must be handled in accordance with their Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) available on our website.

Proper protective equipment must be used.

These procedures should be performed by trained and qualified technicians.

PREPARATION

- Make sure that there are no requirements for RO water (no patients are dialyzing).
- 2. Turn the RO OFF and unplug or disconnect from the main power source.
- 3. Turn OFF the RO Inlet Valve from the Pre-treatment.
- **4.** Depress the red pressure relief button on the Big Blue Pre-Filter to the RO to relieve the pressure.

UNPACK MEMBRANES

5. Open and unpack the membranes from their shipping cartons.

6. Verify Correct Membranes

- Before opening the boxes of the new membranes, verify that they are the correct membranes for your RO.
- If they are not the correct membranes, DO NOT ATTEMPT to install them.
- A "RO MEMBRANE" label should be adhered to the box. This label will have a received date. Membrane is good for one year from this date.
- Each membrane is also labeled with an individual serial number which should be recorded and also noted in which membrane housing the specific membrane will be installed.

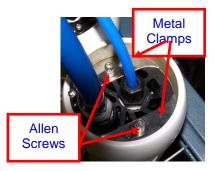
7. Open and Unpack the New Membrane

- Open the membrane box.
- If the membrane was ordered with adapters which are required for older model housings, these adapters will be in one end of the box, so don't discard the box without retrieving these.
- Remove the bagged membrane from the box discarding the packing material.
- Do not open the bag containing the membrane

REPLACE MEMBRANES

8. Remove the end-cap clamps

- On the top of the membrane housing, locate the 2 metal clamps that secure the membrane end cap.
- Loosen and/or remove the Allen Screws securing the end cap. There are 2 clamps and Allen screws on each end cap.
- After removing the Allen Screws (or loosening them enough for the clamps to be removed, slide the clamps toward the center of the membrane housing until they are released from the groove in the membrane housing.



9. Remove the Compression nut and Blue Tubing.

- Locate and loosen the compression nut on the top of the end cap that secures the blue tubing.
- It is only necessary to remove the outermost nut, and this should only be hand tight.
- It is NOT necessary to remove the entire compression fitting from the end cap.
- Remove the Compression nut, leaving it attached to the blue tubing.
- Move this tubing out of the way.





10. Remove the End Cap

- With the metal clamps and smaller blue tubing removed, grasp the larger blue hose and firmly wiggle the hose and end cap back and forth while pulling up to remove the end cap from the housing.
- Move the end cap (still attached to the blue hose) out of the way.
- NOTE: If the end cap is too tight and will not move, refer to Alternate Membrane End Cap Removal Procedure, detailed below.



11. Remove the Old Membrane

- Reach into the membrane housing and grasp the membrane by the membrane adapter and gently pull the membrane out of the housing and discard.
- It may be necessary to grasp the membrane adapter or one of the "spokes" with a pair of needle nose pliers to pull it out.





12. Install the New Membrane

- CAUTION: As stated before, the new membrane is packed in a liquid preservative, so take caution in handling to prevent slippage and exposure to prevent injury.
- This preservative can be drained from the packaging into a suitable container and transferred to a drain, or...
- This preservative can be poured into the membrane housing as the membrane is being installed.
- Install new spacer adapters into each end of the membrane if required, based on the membrane housing.
- Hold the membrane, *still in the foil bag*, upright above the membrane housing, with the open end of the foil bag down.
- **Slowly and gently** allow the membrane to slide through the foil bag and into the membrane housing.
- CAUTION: DO NOT_allow the membrane to quickly drop into the membrane housing, as this can cause damage to the membrane adapter.



13. Lubricate the End Cap

- Apply lubricant to the outer O-Rings of the end cap.
 - Glycerin is recommended, KY Jelly can also be used
 - DO NOT USE VASELINE, PLUMBER'S GREASE OR SILICONE GREASE.



14. Re-Install the End Cap

- Line up the end cap so the membrane adapter fits into the center hole in the end cap.
- Push end cap down until it seats securely and the groove in the membrane housing is visible.





15. Re-Install the End Cap Clamps

- Lay the metal clamps in place and slide them toward the outside until they seat in the groves in the membrane housing.
- Line up the metal clamps so the Allen screws will line up with the brass threaded part in the end cap.
- Tighten the Allen screws securing both metal clamps.



16. Re-Install the blue tubing and the compression nut

- Insert the blue tubing into the compression socket and tighten the compression nut.
- Only tighten the compression nut *HAND TIGHTEN DO NOT USE A WRENCH*, making sure not to cross thread.

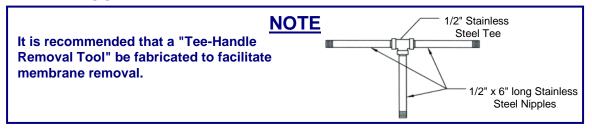




AFTER REPLACEMENT

18. After installation of all membranes, the RO should be started and the Product Water flushed to drain for a **minimum of 2 hours.**

ALTERNATE MEMBRANE END-CAP REMOVAL PROCEDURE, USING "TEE-HANDLE TOOL"



After the RO has been in use for several years, you may find it difficult to remove the end cap by just pulling on the blue hose in which case follow the following steps:

1. After removing the metal clamps and the compression nut securing the blue tubing, remove the compression fitting that is threaded into the end cap by using a socket wrench.



2. Remove any excess Teflon tape from the socket that may have been left.



- **3.** Insert a "Tee Handled Removal Tool" into the end cap, where he compression fitting was.
- CAUTION: DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN the stainless steel nipple, as this can crack or split the end cap.
- Only thread the nipple in a few turns or until it is snug.
- **4.** Grasp the Tool and move it back and forth while pulling upward to break the end cap loose and remove it.



- **5.** Clean any old Teflon tape and/or pipe dope from the compression fitting that was removed.
- Wrap only 3-4 wraps of new Teflon tape on the threads of the compression fitting.
- Apply a very small amount of Teflon pipe dope to the threads/tape.
- Re-install compression fitting in the end cap, being extremely careful not to over-tighten as this can crack or split the end cap.

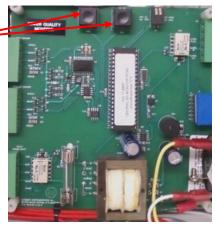


SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Factory Reset the Water Quality Monitor Board

1. Turn the OPERATE-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.



- 2. Open the Control Box.
- 3. Locate the two small black square push buttons on the water quality board, labeled **CAL UP** and **CAL DOWN**.



- 4. Push in **CAL UP** and **CAL DOWN** black buttons simultaneously and hold them for five seconds, while continuing to hold them in.
- 5. Turn the **OPERATE-DISINFECT-OFF Switch** to **OPERATE**, and press the **ALARM RESET Button**, while continuing to hold both black buttons.





- 6. Release both black buttons, after five seconds.
- 7. Turn the **OPERATE-DISINFECT-OFF Switch** to **OFF**, and wait 5-10 seconds.



8. Turn the OPERATE-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPERATE.

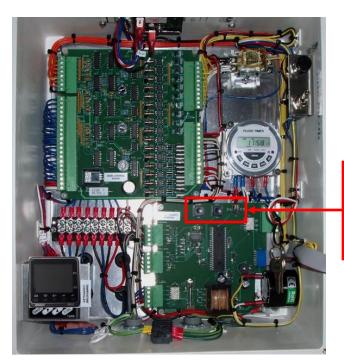


- 9. Close the Control Box.
- * The RO Control Board has now been factory reset.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Calibration of the Water Quality Monitor Board

The Water Quality Monitor Board is calibrated at the factory, and if replaced will need to be recalibrated. This requires the use of a Hand-Held TDS Meter, and calibrated **NaCl Solution** (*not 442 solution*). Follow the instructions specific to the TDS Meter. This procedure is the same for setting the display to read in PPM or μ S.

- 1. With the RO running, record the readings as displayed on Water Quality Monitor; record % Rejection, Feed TDS and Product TDS.
- 2. Take a sample from the Feed Water (somewhere in Pre-Treatment) and determine the TDS with the Hand Held Meter. Record this reading. (This is Feed TDS reading from the Hand Held Meter.)
- 3. With the RO running, take a Product Water sample from the sample port on the top left side of the RO and determine the TDS with the Hand Held Meter. Record this reading. (This is the Product TDS reading from the Hand Held Meter.)
- 4. Compare the Feed & Product TDS readings from the RO to the Feed & Product TDS readings of your Hand Held Meter. If the readings are the same, no calibration is needed. If the readings are different, proceed as follows:
- 5. Verify the setting of the **DIP Switches**:
 - Left DIP Switch should be in the ON position (*pushed back*) for PPM reading, or in the OFF position (pulled forward) for μ S.
 - Right DIP Switch (*Prod/Rej*) should always be in the ON position (*pushed back*).
- 6. Locate the CAL DOWN & CAL UP Buttons on the Water Quality Monitor Board.





To Calibrate FEED TDS

1. With the RO running, press the **MODE Switch** on the Water Quality Monitor until **"FEED TDS"** is displayed.

- 2. Press the CAL DOWN or CAL UP Buttons until the reading displayed matches the reading from the Hand Held Meter.
- 3. Once this is set, push the **MODE Switch** until %Rejection is reading **"CAL"**. The new setting will only be saved if **"CAL"** is displayed on %Rejection.
- 4. Verify the setting of the **DIP Switches**:
 - Left DIP Switch should be in the ON position (pushed back) for PPM reading, or in the OFF position (pulled forward) for μ S.
 - Right DIP Switch (Prod/Rei) should always be in the ON position (pushed back).

To Calibrate PRODUCT TDS

- 1. Press the MODE Switch on the Water Quality Monitor until PRODUCT TDS is displayed.
- 2. Press the **CAL DOWN** or **CAL UP Buttons** until the reading displayed matches the reading from the Hand Held Meter.
- 3. Once this is set, push the **MODE Switch** until %Rejection is reading **"CAL"**. The new setting will only be saved if **"CAL"** is displayed on %Rejection.

To Verify % REJECTION

The Water Quality Monitor Control Board automatically calculates the % Rejection. The following mathematical equation can be used to convert FEED TDS & PRODUCT TDS values to a % Rejection, and verify the Control Board is accurately calculating the % Rejection:

FEED TDS - PRODUCT TDS = REJECTED SUM + FEED TDS x 100 = %REJECTION

Example: if FEED TDS=402 and PRODUCT TDS=10

 $402 - 10 = 392 \div 402 \times 100 = 97.5\%$ REJECTION

LONG TERM STORAGE: PRESERVE and PACK

Before preserving and storing the RO it should be cleaned with a Low pH cleaner first, High pH cleaner second, and disinfect third. Sample as per your procedures for colony count (cultures), endotoxins (LAL), and AAMI.

WARNING

Preservatives can cause serious injury or death.

Do not preserve and pack the RO while patients are dialyzing.

Proper protective equipment must be used.

The preparation and handling of these chemical solutions must be done in accordance with the specifications established for the particular chemical and their Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

These procedures should be performed by trained and qualified technicians.

REQUIRED MATERIALS

Part#	Description	Notes/Usage
SUMCOO00574	BWI-3000, MemStore	- Replaces MinnClean MP - Application: To prevent microbial growth
Detter Water, Inc. Will all the property of t	Preservative	in the RO and Membranes during storage It can be used on brass.

In order to simplify the terminology used in this procedure the following terms will be used:

- The Storage Tank will be referred to as the Reservoir
- The Clean/Disinfect Tank will be referred to as the Tank
- There are three hoses supplied with the Tank which will referred to as follows:
 - **HOSE#1** Tank Product Hose (longest of the 3; ends: female & female)
 - HOSE#2 Tank Drain Hose (ends: male & male)
 - HOSE#3 Tank Disinfect Hose (ends: male & female)

PUTTING THE RO INTO STORAGE

- **1.** Place a warning placard stating "**DO NOT USE PACKING in PRESERVATIVE IN PROGRESS**". End users should be notified as well that this procedures in in progress.
- 2. Turn the RO OFF by turning the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.



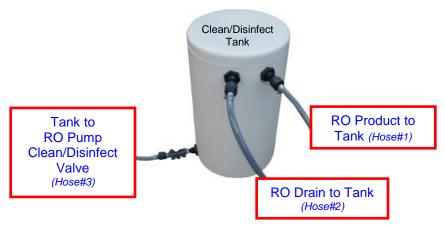
3. Open the Control Box and flip the DIRECT-STBY-TANK Switch to DIRECT.



- **4.** Remove the RO's filters.
- **a.** Remove the Pre-Filter Housing, then remove and discard the pre-filter. Secure Pre-Filter Housing to the Frame.

b. Remove the Final-Filter Housing, then remove and discard the final-filter. Install the false tube, and then reinstall the Final-Filter Housing.

- 5. Setup the Tank.
- a. Disconnect the RO's Product Hose from the RO Product Port.
- b. Connect Hose#1 from the RO Product Port to the Tank's Top Right Port.
- c. Connect Hose#3 to the Tank's Bottom Valve, and direct to drain.
- d. Open the Tank's Bottom Valve so it can be rinsed.



- 6. Prepare the Tank.
- a. Start the RO in normal Operate Mode and rinse the **Tank** with RO product water.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH Switch to OPER
- Press the ALARM RESET Button if the alarm sounds.
- * Once the RO is in good water quality it will begin to rinse.
- **b.** After rinsing the Tank, close the **Tank's Bottom Valve**.
- 7. Fill the Tank.
- a. Fill the Tank with 15 gallons (approximately 14 inches) of RO product water...
- **b.** Once filled with the desired amount turn the RO OFF by turning the **OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch** to **OFF**.



OPER.FLUSH

- 8. Final connections.
- a. Connect the supplied Hose#2 from RO's Drain Port to the Tank's Top Left Port.
- **b.** Remove the end-cap from the RO's Pump Clean/Disinfect Valve's.
- c. Connect Hose#3 from the Tank's Bottom Valve to the RO's Pump Clean/Disinfect Valve.
- **d.** Before completely tightening the fitting between the hose and the pump, open the **Tank's Bottom Valve** to prime the hose.
- e. When water starts trickling out of the fitting then tighten that fitting.
- **NOTE**: If this hose hasn't been properly primed the pump will air lock and could cause damage to the pump.
- f. Open the RO's Pump Clean/Disinfect Valve.
- **9.** Start RO in Disinfect Mode and begin circulation...
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to DISINFECT
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to DISINFECT
- Turn the OPER-FLUSH switch to OPER
- * The RO will start up immediately.



- * Verify flow by looking at the Product and Reject Flow-Meters, and visually see if water flowing back in to the Tank otherwise re-prime Hose#3. Also check for leaks and correct before proceeding.
- **10.** Measure out **BWI 3000 MEMSTOR**; weigh 2.5 lbs. (*1350 grams*) or using a 1000 mL graduated cylinder pour to the 1000 mL mark and pour that into the **Tank**, then measure out another 350 mL in graduated cylinder and pour that into the **Tank** for total of 1350 mL.
- **11.** Circulate the preservative for a total of 15 minutes.
- 12. After the 15 minute circulation, shut off RO.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch to OFF.
- Turn the OPER-DISINFECT Keyed Switch to OPER
- Turn the **OPER-FLUSH** switch to **OPER**



WARNING

When performing following instructions, the hoses connected to the Tank will contain chemical solution. When each hose is disconnected, the solution will drain from the hose. Use either a disposable container to collect the solution as it drains, or hold the end of each hose in an elevated position which will cause the solution to drain to the Tank. Take appropriate safety measures to avoid injury from splash and spills.

- 13. Open the Control Box and flip the DIRECT-STBY-TANK Switch to STBY.
- 14. Drain the Tank.
- a. Close the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- b. Close the RO's Pump Clean/Disinfect Valve.
- c. Disconnect Hose#3 from the RO's Pump Clean/Disinfect Valve.
- d. Direct Hose#3 to drain, and open the Tank's Bottom Valve, to drain the Tank.
- e. After the Tank is empty, close the Tank's Bottom Valve.
- f. Disconnect, drain, and store all Tank Hoses.
- **15.** Final procedures to the **RO**.
- **a.** Cap or bag the RO's Product Port, Drain Port, Sample Port Drain Port, and Pump Clean/Disinfect Valve.
- **b.** Unplug, coil, and secure the Main Power Cord to Frame.
- **c.** Disconnect, coil, and secure the Interlock Wire to the Frame.
- d. Secure Disinfect Key to inside of Control Box.

NOTICE

Preservation is good for 6 months. If longer than 6 month preservation is required the RO will have to be rinsed for 2 hours then repacked again with preservative for each 6 month period.

BRINGING THE RO BACK FROM STORAGE

WARNING

Preservatives can cause serious injury or death.

Proper protective equipment must be used.

The preparation and handling of these chemical solutions must be done in accordance with the specifications established for the particular chemical and their Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

These procedures should be performed by trained and qualified technicians.

Use extreme care when performing this procedure to prevent exposure to the preservative solution inside the RO. Use caution when removing bags from covered ports, and opening valves or housings.

- 1. Remove protective plastic bags from openings.
- 2. Reconnect to drain.
- 3. Reconnect to water source.
- 4. Run product hose to drain.
- **5.** Reconnect to power.
- 6. Install a new Pre-Filter, and reinstall the Pre-Filter Housing.
- **7.** Remove the Final-Filter Housing, taking caution that it will be full of preservative which should be properly discarded. Remove the false-tube, install a new Final-Filter, and then reinstall the Final-Filter Housing.
- 8. Rinse for at least two hours.
- 9. Clean and disinfect the RO.
- 10. Sample as per your procedures for colony count (cultures), endotoxins (LAL), and AAMI.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING GUIDE for 3046 RO

The information in this document is intended to serve as a guide only for qualified operators. It is not all inclusive of the problems that may be encountered. This guide should aid operators with reminders and routine trouble-shooting tasks.

For any problem outside the confines of this guide, call for technical assistance.

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
No power to the RO	Main breaker tripped in building	1. Reset breaker.
££ 33	2. RO not plugged in	Plug RO power cord in. Verify that the Twist-&-Lock plug is seated and locked into receptacle.
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	3. Motor starter protector tripped.	Reset motor starter protector in RO junction box.
Power to RO, but RO will not start	1. Interlock circuit interrupted.	1. Verify if any of the pretreatment equipment (ie. Carbons, Softeners) are in backwash or regeneration. Interlock Fault indicator light will be illuminated if so.
ec ec	2. Reservoir water level is above the middle float switch	1. This is normal, and the RO will start when the reservoir water level drops below the middle float.
<i>(6 3)</i>	3. RO is in an alarm condition.	 Identify the specific alarm by checking the alarm lights illuminated on the control box. Press the Alarm Reset button. If alarm continues, review specific alarm conditions listed in this Troubleshooting section.
66 66	4. Operational switches are in the incorrect position.	1. For normal operation the switch settings should be as follows: OPER-DISINFECT-OFF=OPER OPER-DISISINFECT=OPER OPER-FLUSH=OPER Tank-Stby-Direct in either tank or direct position based on system.
66 66	5. Faulty interlock circuit connection	1. Check all pre-treatment interlock wiring and connections.
RO runs intermittently	1. Low pressure alarm	1. Verify that the city booster pump is operating properly and providing sufficient pressure for RO operation.
66 66	2. High feed temperature alarm	1. Verify that the pre-treatment blending valve is set to 77°F, adjusting if necessary.
66 66	3. High membrane pressure alarm	1. If pressing the ALARM RESET Button does not clear this alarm, contact technical support.

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
RO runs intermittently	4. High product alarm	1. For Tank-Feed Systems
		check the product hose for kinks
		or obstructions, clearing if
		necessary.
		2. For Direct Feed Systems
		check the pressure regulating
		valve at the end of the loop (RO
		return) and adjust accordingly.
Incoming RO feed	5. Poor water quality alarm	Verify the water quality
water characteristics	3.1 oor water quality alarm	monitor set-point which is set to
have changed or Pre-		90% at the factory, adjusting if
Treatment Equipment		necessary. Once the water
operating out of		quality rises above this the alarm should silence.
specification.		
		2. Determine if feed water or pre-
		treatment filtration has changed.
		3. Check status of pre-treatment
		equipment.
		4. Faulty water quality monitor or
		conductivity probes.
General problems	1. Specific alarm condition	1. Press the ALARM RESET
with and without	designated by a labeled alarm	Button to silence and reset.
alarms where RO not	light	2. If alarm continues, diagnose
running properly.		based on which alarm light
		illuminated. See "RO Runs
		Intermittently" section above for
		details specific to each alarm.
cc cc	2. High-level switch	1. Gently tap the solenoid which
	malfunction.	may clear any obstruction.
		2. High-level switch or solenoid
		valve may be faulty.
" "	3. Product purge valve may be	1. If the water quality is good, the
	in the open position.	product purge valve may be
	The production of the producti	stuck open and require
		replacing.
££ ££	4. RO requires cleaning or	Perform cleaning and
	disinfecting.	disinfecting.
66 66	5. Membranes at end of life or	Replace membranes.
	fouled.	11 Replace membranes.
66 66	6. Pre-filter or Final-filter	1. Replace filters.
	fouled.	11 Replace filters.
66 66	7. Inlet hose to RO is kinked or	1. Check the status of the hoses,
	obstructed.	removing kinks and obstructions.
66 66	8. Faulty gauge	Verify the accuracy of the
	o. Faulty gauge	
02 migran Final Filter	4 High evenies in the feed	gauges, replacing if necessary.
.03 micron Final Filter	1. High organics in the feed	1. Use alternative .05 micron
pressure drop within	water.	filter. See "System Maintenance:
two weeks of		Change .03 micron, 30" Final-
installation.		Filter" section.

APPENDIX A

LIMITED WARRANTY TERMS and CONDITIONS

- a. This limited warranty is given only to the original buyer and covers the equipment delivered with this limited warranty.
- b. The buyer shall be barred from any recovery on this limited warranty or otherwise for damages due in whole or in part to...
 - ... unreasonable use
 - ... improper operation
 - ... use beyond normal fashion
 - ... failure to follow instructions
 - ... failure to maintain the product in good condition and repair
 - ... or the like.
- c. If the buyer discovers or should have discovered a defect in which it is reasonable to conclude that damage, either personal, property, or economic, may result, the buyer's continued use of the product shall constitute any assumption of risk by the buyer and a bar to any recovery for breach of this limited warranty or otherwise.
- d. No oral or written representation, information, or advice given by Better Water LLC or any of its representatives shall create a warranty or in any way increase the scope of this express limited warranty and shall not form a part of the basis for bargain.

WHAT IS WARRANTED AND FOR HOW LONG?

- a. All equipment, excluding ion exchange and filtration media and cartridges, are warranted to be free from factory defects in materials, and workmanship under normal use for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment.
- b. It is a condition precedent to recovery on this limited warranty that the buyer strictly comply with all operating and maintenance guidelines established by Better Water LLC and that the serial number (*if applicable*) is intact and legible on the equipment.
- c. It is a condition precedent to recovery on this limited warranty for damage to the external finish of the equipment that the buyer notifies Better Water LLC at the time of the installation that the finish is damaged.

WHAT IS REMEDY FOR BREACH OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY or NEGLIGENCE BY BETTER WATER LLC

- a. Buyer's sole and exclusive remedy for any breach of this limited warranty or negligence by Better Water LLC shall be repair or replacement of the defective part, at the option of Better Water LLC, provided such defective part is returned to Better Water LLC for inspection.
- b. Better Water LLC shall not be obligated to supply an exact replacement of the defective part and reserves the right to substitute new and improved parts.
- c. Better Water LLC shall provide at no cost to buyer, labor to remove and/or replace defective parts covered by this limited warranty for a period of ninety (90) days from the date of installation by Better Water LLC of the equipment.
- d. After such ninety (90) day period, buyer shall be responsible for any labor or service charge for the removal and/or replacement of any defective parts.
- e. Buyer shall be responsible for all travel expenses and freight charges at all times.
- f. Better Water LLC shall have no obligation to repair or replace any defective part if buyer fails to follow the procedure set forth in "HOW TO OBTAIN A REPLACEMENT PART UNDER LIMITED WARRANTY".

IN NO EVENT SHALL THIS LIMITED WARRANTY BE CONSTRUED TO COVER, NOR SHALL BETTER WATER LLC BE LIABLE TO BUYER AS ANY OTHER PERSON FOR, ANY

CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL, ECONOMIC, DIRECT, INDIRECT, GENERAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES. WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.

HOW TO OBTAIN A REPLACEMENT PART UNDER LIMITED WARRANTY

- a. Buyer should contact the Customer Service or Technical Support Departments and request a Return Goods Authorization.
- b. Described part(s) will be sent with a purchase order.
- c. The returned part(s) will be returned to the factory for limited warranty consideration. If part(s) are not covered under the limited warranty, part(s) will be considered billable against the purchase order supplied.

WHAT IS NOT COVERED BY THIS LIMITED WARRANTY:

By way of example and not limitation, this limited warranty does not cover:

- Damage to or replacement of any ion exchange resin of filter media
- Labor or service charges for the removal and/or replacement of any defective parts after the ninety (90) day period from the date of installation or sale by Better Water LLC
- Freight charges and travel expenses
- Damage from inadequate or defective wiring, improper voltage, improper connections or electrical service, inadequate or defective plumbing, water supply, or water pressure, or in violation of applicable building, plumbing or electrical codes, laws, ordinances or regulations.
- Damage from improper installation or operation, including but not limited to, abuse, accident, neglect, improper maintenance, freezing and fires, or abnormal use.
- Damage caused by contaminants in Buyer's water supply, including hardness, chlorine, chloramines, sulfur, bacterial iron, tannin, algae, oil, organic matter or other unusual substances, if special equipment has not been installed by Better Water LLC to remove such contaminants
- Damage to or caused by filters/membranes or other replacement parts not purchased from Better Water LLC or damage caused by modification, alteration, repair or service of the equipment or any of its parts by anyone other than Better Water LLC or its expressly authorized representatives.

APPENDIX B

SAMPLE CHECK LISTS

3046 RO

RO DAILY S	ΓART	-UP	CHE	CK L	IST		
ITEMS TO BE CHECKED	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN
Date							
Time of Day							
Technician Initials							
OPERATE MODE:							
Switches in the following position for normal operation: (YES/NO) OPER-DISINFECT-OFF Switch = OPER OPER-DISINFECT Switch = OPER OPER-FLUSH Switch = OPER Mode lights as follows: (YES/NO) Operate Light = ON Flush Light = OFF Disinfect Light = OFF							
Any Alarms Indicated? (YES/NO)							
RECORD: (Record after Timed Opera	te butto	n press	ed or R	O in noi	rmal ope	eration	and
producing water) Feed Water Temperature, °F			I	I	I	I	
Water Pressure, Feeding RO, gpm							
Flow-Meter: Product Flow, gpm							
Flow-Meter: Reject Flow, gpm							
Flow-Meter: Recirculate Flow, gpm							
WQM: % Rejection (>90%), %							
WQM: Feed Water TDS, ppm							
WQM: Product Water TDS, ppm							
WQM: Poor Water Quality Set-Point %							
Gauge: Filter-In Pressure, psi							
Gauge: Filter-Out Pressure, psi							
Gauge: Membrane Pressure, psi							
Gauge: Reject Pressure, psi							
Gauge: Product Pressure, psi							

RO QUALITY ASSURANCE CHECK LIST A quality assurance check should be performed periodically such as monthly or quarterly, and after maintenance such as filter and membrane changing, to ensure the RO is operating properly. ITEMS TO BE CHECKED **DATA** Date Time of Day Technician Reason for QA Check (Monthly Check, Quarterly Check, Filter Change, Membrane Change, etc.) **NORMAL OPERATION** Place RO in normal operation. Does it function properly? YES NO - Operate light ON; No alarms; Good water quality; Producing water Verify position of TANK-STBY-DIRECT Switch? T=Tank S=Stby D=Direct Check for leaks. Any leaks observed? If yes, list on back of this form. YES NO TIMED OPERATE Press Timed Operate Button. Does the RO start and produce water, **YES** NO for 30 minutes? (YES/NO) **DIGITAL FLUSH TIMER** YES Is the correct day and time set on the digital flush timer? NO YES NO Verify flush times are correct? YES Verify flush timer is in AUTO-MODE? NO Place RO into flush mode. Does it function properly? YES NO - Operate light ON; Flush light ON once RO starts flushing; Flushes per preset parameters Initiate a manual flush. Does it function properly? YES NO **DISINFECT MODE** Place RO into disinfect mode. Does it function properly? (YES/NO) YES NO - Operate light OFF; Disinfect light ON RECORD: (Record after Timed Operate button pressed or RO in normal operation and producing water) Flow-Meter: Product Flow, gpm Flow-Meter: Reject Flow, gpm Flow-Meter: Recirculate Flow, gpm **WQM:** % Rejection (>90%), % WQM: Feed Water TDS, ppm WQM: Product Water TDS, ppm WQM: Poor Water Quality Set-Point % Gauge: Filter-In Pressure, psi Gauge: Filter-Out Pressure, psi Gauge: Membrane Pressure, psi Gauge: Reject Pressure, psi Gauge: Product Pressure, psi **OTHER** Check Pre-Treatment and Post-Treatment equipment Submit water samples for lab testing

APPENDIX C TECHNICAL SERVICE BULLETINS

TECHNICAL SERVICE BULLETIN				
Relocation of Wire on Replacement VFDs				
TSB# TSB2012009	Date 10/18/2012	Page 1 of 1		

OVERVIEW:

The manufacturer discontinued the model of the VFD used in Better Water LLC's 2436 ROs and Pretreatment devices in October of 2012. The replacement model is functionally the same with the exception of the use of one of the terminal posts, which will require the relocation of a wire if the older model VFD is replaced with a newer model.

Better Water LLC's part number of **EQMOBO01353** which is the **"3 Phase-In / 3 Phase-Out / 3 Horsepower VFD"** will remain the same. The difference between these two models is mostly cosmetic. See the pictures below of the old and new models.



Old Model VFD
White/Cream color with hinged cover
Front View

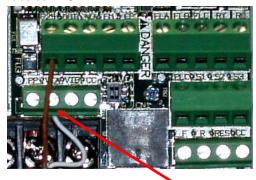


New Model VFD
Black color, no hinged cover
Front View

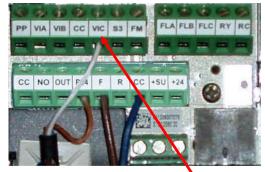
WIRE RELOCATION:

If the older model VFD has to be replaced, do the following, using the before and after pictures as reference:

- **1.** Take note of the location of the white wire (*from the pressure transducer*) on the older model VFD's terminal post labeled **VIA**.
- 2. Replace the older model VFD with the newer model VFD.
- **3.** On the newer model VFD, relocate the white wire (*from the pressure transducer*) to the terminal post labeled **VIC**.



Old Model VFD
White wire is located on the VIA
terminal post



New Model VFD
White wire is located on the VIC terminal post

TECHNICAL SERVICE BULLETIN

Replacing Chromalox Temperature Controller with Omron Temperature Controller

TSB# **TSB2014001**

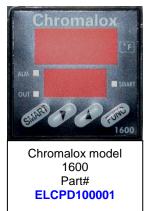
Date 12/05/14

Page 1 of 3

OVERVIEW:

Effective December 5, 2014, Better Water will start using the Omron Temperature Controller instead of the Chromalox Temperature Controller because of easier use and programmability. Prior to this, there have been two Chromalox models used. When replacing a Chromalox with an Omron, the only difference is the position of the connecting wires. The part number **ELCPD100001** remains the same. The differences between these models and the wiring connection changes are detailed below.

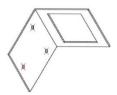
Refer to the pictures below to determine which model you have:







If replacing and older model Chromalox model 1600 Temperature Controller you will also need to order the new model's bracket whose part number is **FXBROO00894**, which is slightly larger.



New Model Bracket Part# FXBROO00894

WARNING

To avoid electrical shock, turn the power to the RO OFF, and unplug it from the electrical outlet.

A lock-out tag should be placed on the unit to prevent accidental use while this

Replacement is underway.

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Turn OFF power to the RO.
- 2. Open the cover to the Control Box.
- 3. Unclip the old model Chromalox Temperature Controller, and gently pull it forward so the attached wires can be accessed.

TECHNICAL SERVICE BULLETIN

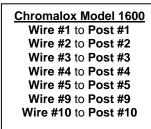
Replacing Chromalox Temperature Controller with Omron Temperature Controller

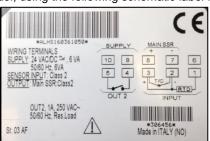
TSB# **TSB2014001**

Date 12/05/14

Page 2 of 3

4. Before releasing the attached wires make note of the individual wire numbers and which post-screws they are attached to on the old model, using the following schematic label for reference.

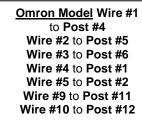


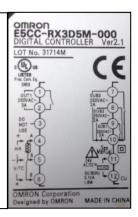


Chromalox Model 6040 Wire #1 to Post #6 Wire #2 to Post #5 Wire #3 to Post #4 Wire #4 to Post #13 Wire #5 to Post #14 Wire #9 to Post #9 Wire #10 to Post #10



- 4. Carefully release each of the seven wires by loosening the post-screws they are attached to.
- 5. Once all the wires have been released, carefully remove the old model Chromalox Temperature Controller from the unit.
- 6. If replacing the bracket, remove the three screws that secure the old bracket.
- 7. Install the new bracket.
- 8. Each of the seven wires that were attached are individually numbered. Use the following diagram to attach the correct wire to the correct post-screws on the new Omron Temperature Controller. The schematic label on the side of the Controller should also be referenced to assist with the installation.





TECHNICAL SERVICE BULLETIN Replacing Chromalox Temperature Controller with Omron Temperature Controller TSB# TSB2014001 Date 12/05/14 Page 3 of 3

- 9. Install the new Omron Temperature Controller into the Control Box, by carefully pushing it into place and using the clip to properly secure it.
- 10. Turn ON the power to the RO.
- 11. Verify the new Omron Temperature Controller is working properly.
- 12. Close and secure the cover to the Control Box.

APPENDIX D

PRE-SHIP TEST DATA

3046 RO	Operator Manu	al
NOTES		

